SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON

JAMES W. BELLER,

(OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, A FEW DOORS ABOVE THE VALLEY BANK,)

At \$2 00 in advance-\$2 50 if paid within the year-or \$3 00 if not paid until after the ex-

piration of the year.

9.7 No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until arrearages are paid. Subscriptions for less than a year, must in all cases be paid in advance.

3.7 Distant subscriptions and advertisements must be paid in advance, or responsible persons living in the county guaranty the settlement of the same.

327 ADVERTISHENTS will be inserted at the rate of 91 00 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manushript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accombingty. A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA VEGETA-FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD!

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD!

BATTMORE. July 20, 1843.

This is to certify, that I was afflicted with a violent pain in the breast and right arm, which I suppose proceeded from the impure state of my blood. I was recommended to take Hance's Sar-saparilla or Blood Pills, and after taking one box, the pain was entirely removed from my breast and arm. I found them extremely gentle in their operation, and would recommend them to every person in want of a mild purgative.

PATRICK ROCHE,

No. 23 Conway st., between Howard and Eutaw. In purchasing these pills, let me add

IFONE WORD OF CAUTION.

Always ask for HANCE'S PILLS, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents, and if convenient, call and see the proprietor himself.

For Sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st., and corner of Charles and Pratt sts., Baltimore.

PRICE 25 Cents per Box, of FIFTY PILLS EACH, for Hance's Genuine Pills, or

HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP or HORE-HOUND—FOR THE CURE OF Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side and Breast, Bronchitis, Croup, Asthma, and all diseases arising from a disordered condition of the lungs or neglected Cold.

The following sonnet was addressed to the services by a Young Lath who was anned of proprietor by a Young Lady who was cured of Consumption:

Ho! ye who pant, with failing breath, And pine away, and die; Hance shall "put away" your death, And light, anew, your eye.

How sweet it melts upon the tongue, How grateful to the breast! A glorious theme for poet's song, Southing his cough to rest.

HANGE! favored of the Gods, art thou!
A blessing to thy race.
Let laurels flourish on thy brow
And wealth, those laurels grace.

When heroes are forgotten; kings Defunct; or, ceazed to reign; Glory, for thee, shall flap her wings; Thou conquerer of pain. Price 50 cents per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$2.50, Prepared and So'd by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st., and corner Charles & Pratt sts.

For sale by J. P. BROWN, Charlestown, JOSEPH ENTLER, Shepherdstown, A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry; and DORSEY & BOWLEY, Winchester.

Virginia, to wit:

N the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, for the County of Jefferson, May Term, 1847—[June 7th 1847,] Cuto Moore and Braxton Davenport, PLT'rs,

James Hite. Jacob Newcomer, Samuel L. Keyser, Ezekiel C. Wysham and others, DEFT's, IN CHANCERY.

(Extract from the Decree of the Court.)

"And the cause coming on to be heard this
"th day of June, 1847, upon the Bill and exhibits,
was argued by counsel, upon consideration whereof the Court doth adjudge, order and decree, that
a Commissioner of this Court, do by proper notices, assemble each of the parties before him,
and do ascertain and report to this Court, to whom
the fund in the bill mentioned is probably due
and payable, and if to more than one of the defendants, in what proportions. And the said Commissioner is directed to state specially all such
matters as he may deem pertinent, or as he may Extract from the Decree of the Court.) matters as he may deem pertinent, or as he may be required by either of the parties so to state, and make report to this Court in order to a final de-ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk.

Commissioner's Office, } Charlestown, June 19th, 1847.

The parties in the above cause will take notice that I shall proceed at my Office, on Tuesday the 27th day of next month, (July.) by 10 o'clock, A. M., to execute the foregoing order of Court—when and where they are requested to attend and submit any papers as evidence they muy have to offer connected with the cause.

offer, connected with the cause.

R. WORTHINGTON, Com'r.

R. S. LITTEJOHN, HARPERS-FERRY, VIRGINIA,

AS just opened in the store room over the corner of High and Shenandoah streets, an entirely new, fashionable and well selected Stock of Merchandize,

Consisting in part of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, &c. &c., which will be sold as low as they can be bought in the county. A call from my old friends, and the citizens of Harpers-Ferry, and the country generally, is solicited before purchasing elsewhere.

Domestic Cottons at city prices.

In addition to the above, the basement of 1 is store rount is accordant.

In addition to the above, the basement of 1 is store room is appropriated to the use of Capt. J. Gibson, where will be found for sale, at his usual fow prices, Herring, Shad, Salt, Plaster, Tar, and all other articles in his line in their season.

R. S. L.

R. S. Littlejohn is duly authorized to act as agent for me in my absence; all orders will be promptly attended to.

April 30, 1847—6m.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE subscriber is auxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the very highest cash

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be promptly thanked to

WILLIAM CROW Charlestown, Nov. 20, 1846-tf.

Wheat and Corn Wanted.

THE subscribers are anxious to purchase any number of Bushels of Wheat and Corn, for which they will pay the highest Cash price on delivery; or, if the farmers prefer it, they will haul it from their Barns, as they keep teams for that purpose. Farmers, look to your interest, and give us a call before you dispose of your produce.

M. H. & V. W. MOORE.

IT Plaster, Salt, Fish, Tar, &c. always onh and to exchange with the farmers for their produce.

o exchange with the farmers for their prode se. Old Furnace, Febuary 26, 1847.

FISH-Trimmed Shad, Herrings No. 1, and Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3, in bbls and in kits Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3, in bbls and in kits for family use, for sale by July 16. WM. R. SEEVERS.

R ICE.—Fresh Beat Rice, for sale by July 2, 1817. E. M. AISQUITH.



Devoted to Mews, Politics, Agriculture, General Miscellany and Commercial Intelligence.

VOL. 4.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1847.

From the Sunday Mercury.
THE DRUNDARD'S HOME.

BY JAMES STILLMAN. The drunkard's lone! What words can show
The scenes of misery there!
What mind conceive, what heart can know,
Save those compelled to share!
Th' abode of wretchedness complete,
Whence every comfort's fied.
Where want, disease and ruin meet,
And even hope is dead!

The deven tope is dead:

The deven convict's cell,

With granite wall and fron bar,

For guilty ones to dwell;

O, better far the vaults of death,

for there all sufferings cease,

And care-worn pligrims yield their breath,

And aleep the eleop of peace.

The drinkard's home! that briren waste!

That desert of the soul,

With not one green easis graced,

Where streams of comfort roll;

Stricken as by the simoon's blast,

All bliss is prostrate laid,

And Pity, weeping, stands aghast

To see the ruin made.

The drunkard's home! the rock-girt strand Where lonor shipsyrecked lies,
The den where Murder arms his hand—
Where Virtue, polsoned, dies;
Where Virtue polsoned, dies;
Where Vica spreads round its fifthy slime,
Where Falsehood forms her lair—
The haunt of Infany and Crime;
Of Madness and Despair!

The drunkard's home! ye gen'rous youth, Yet from Intemperance free, Attend the warning voice of truth, And from the poison flee: Fouch not the cup of liquid fire, Beware of habit's chain, Quench the first spark of wild desire, And spurn the damning bane.

General Intelligence.

HARPERS-FERRY, July 12, 1847.
In looking over a paper of the 10th inst., I saw a notice with the heading "Ploughing and Harrowing," a machine which performs both of these operations at one time, has been invented by a New Yorker. A citizen of Harpers-Ferry, by the name of Smith, has invented an improvement in the construction of Plaughe. the name of Smith, has invented an improvement in the construction of Ploughs. The nature of his improvement consists in taking the coulter from the beam and attaching it to the mould board, with a screw and a wedge, in such a manner as to make it not only a coulter but to serve as a brace at the same time. By this arrangement, the coulter sets at an elevation of about thirty-eight degress; the old arrangement being near sixty. The advantage in his arrangement is this: the coulter being so sloping, it works on the lifting principle, and in ploughing filthy lands it passes all such filth over the top of the coulter and places it on the turning earth, which becomes a carrier; consequently, the operation of the plough is not retarded by choaking the plough out of ground. He also attached a harrow to his plough, to enable him to plough and harrow at the same time, but when at the patent office in May last; to patent his plough and harrow, he was informed by his agent, that the harrow was not new, and was then used to a number of ploughs. It was then then used to a number of ploughs. It was then agreed to not offer the harrow to be patented.—
Persons who have tried his plough are of opinion that it is the best implement of the kind, and is destined to come into general use. The inven-tor holds himself bound to operate in the most difficult ploughing with more ease, both to the team and ploughman, than any plough known to his section of country.

D.

Section of country.

EMIGRATION TO WESTERN VIRGINIA.—The Liverpool Mail, of the 19th of June, notices the movements of Mr. Thomas Rawlins, of Brooklyn, N. Y. who as the agent of certain large landholders in Western Virginia, has been for some time past endeavoring to promote emigration from Great Britain to Western Virginia. He has just issued there, in conjunction with other persons co-operating with him, a prospectus for the formation of a company in 6000 shares, of £25 each, making up a capital of £150.000. in furtherance of his views. a capital of £150,000, in furtherance of his views, every share will be taken, and that the company will be in full operation the forthcoming spring Mr. Rawlins expects to return soon to the United States, for the purpose of superintending the plans of the company.

The Norfolk Beacon of Monday says that Lieut,

The Norfolk Beacon of Monday says that Lieut.
CHARLES W. CHAUNCEY, has been appointed by
Com. Perry, Governor of Alvarado and commander of the Flotilla in that port.
The U. S. brig Porpoise, Lieut. Com?g. Gordon,
arrived at Norfolk on Sunday from New Orleans.
The following is a list of the officers attached to

e Porpoise:
A. G. Gordon, Esq., Lieut. Com'g.
James A. Doyle, 1st Lieut.
George Maulsby, Ass't. Surgeon.
Neverly Randolph, Acting Master.
Watson Smith, Midshipman.
Wm. A. Doyle, Captain's clerk.

Good for Repudiators.—In charging the jury in a trespass case last week, a New York Judge said that creditors going to the houses of their debtora for the purpose of dunning or harassing them into paying their debts, rendered themselves liable in an action for damages.

MORTALITY IN NEW YORK .- The total number of deaths in the city during the past week was 397, which is a large increase upon any preceding week this season. Of the deceased, 259 were natives of the United States, 96 were men, 85 women, 123 boys, 73 girls. Deaths by consumption 43, dysentery 22, fever typhoid 18, fever typhus 28, cholera infantum 35.

DEATH OF CAPT. NAYLOR .- The Philadelphia Bulletin publishes a report of the death of Capt. Charles Naylor, of the 2d Pennsylvania regirent. He died in Mexico of brain fever. The deceased was formerly a distinguished Whig member of Congress.

Under the mountain, about two miles west of Mercersburg, there is a negro quarter or village which the Journal denominates "Africa." It is a favorite stopping place for the absconding slaves from this and the adjoining counties of Virginia, where they are received with brotherly charity, highly feasted upon choice selections from the hen-roosts of the neighboring whites, and carefully instructed as to their further progress upon the highway to Liberty. In the vicinity of this place there arrived, a few days ago, a couple of owners in search of their slaves, when by bribing a mulatto named Sam Ramaay they learned the whereabouts of the fugitives. The slaves however heard of their betrayal in time, and escaped. Poor Ramsay did not fare so well, says the Journal, "for his fellows, indignant at the treason, or mortified that they had not received the bonus, seized and held him, while half a dozen wenches thrashed him with hoop-poles to within an inch of his life."—Hagerstown News.

There are now in the hospitals and sheds on Under the mountain, about two miles west of

There are now in the hospitals and sheds on Staten Island, N. Y., 709 patients, nearly all of whom are afflicted with "ship fever," of every grade, from malignant typhus to a mild remittent fever.

A DEFINITION OF DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLE.

never!

"I am proud of the party, sir, which has so no-bly directed the destinies of this great nation through trying scenes, as well as in the days of peace and prosperity. It has met dangers boldly, and has overcome them. It is this party that has won a proud name for our nation, and made it great and prosperous. It is this party that has moulded our free institutions into their present ad-mirable form, startling the old world with its blessed reforms—its conalization of laws and privi-

this Free Government, the Representative of Lib-erty. I am proud of this party.

"Contrast it if you please, with the old Federal party, now sailing under false colors, and with the false name of Whig—now, as ever, federal to the core. Compare them if you please. What have feen the services of these two parties in the cause of our country? How do they appear side by side? The one always in the front rank of freedom and reform, whilst the other, with its back turned upon the rights and honor of our country, is striving to retard and embarrase. The federal party has ever been in the wrong, ever against its country. Time has proved it to be so. With its narrow policy—its selfish schemes—its harsh principles—its disregard for the honor and the rights of the nation, it has stood out before the world opposed to democratic progress and demo-cratic reform; opposed, too, sir—and here is the withering curse that rest upon this same Federal party-to the efforts of the Democracy to main-

party—to the efforts of the Democracy to maintain our sacred rights upon the field?

"Witness their course in the present just war with Mexico; their black-hearted treachery under the cloak of hypocrisy—denouncing the war as wicked and infumous; and praising the leading men who conduct it, for party purposes merely!

Reflect upon their conduct in the last war—in 1819. Authorities it with their conduct to the last war—in 1819. 1812-and contrast it with their conduct now .es, sir, and contrast it too with the unwavering firmness and patriotism of the democratic party during all this period. What a contrast! reflecting honor upon the one party, and shame upon the other! I am proud of my party—prouder still, sir, when I think for a moment of the contrast between it and the federal party. And where is the democrat who is not?" lemocrat who is not?"

FUNERAL OF DR. CHALMERS. We learn from a recent number of the "Edin-burgh Witness" that the funeral of this great or-nament of the Christian Church was attended by at least one hundred thousand persons. Scotland had never before, at least in the memory of man,

and has not had such an ecclesiastical leader since the days of John Knox. Like all really great men, he has left the impress of his character indelibly engraven on the age in which he lived. Indeed such men create an era. Mathematics was his favorite science; but he learned to estimate "magnitude and the proportions of magnitude" by the relations of time with eternity. His convertion took place after he entered on the discharge of the duties of the ministry; and we can readily conceive the impression that was made on his great and noble nature, when his mighty mind received the teachings of the Spirit with the humility and docility of "a little child."

When the great leader of the Israelites ascended from the plains of Moab to the mountain of Negreat men, he has left the impress of his charac-

when the great leader of the israelites ascended from the plains of Moab to the mountain of Nebo, and was thence removed from his people, his departure was made known to his successor by the words, "Moses my servant is dead." The Moderator of the General Assembly of the Free Church of Scotland, with happy selection, made these words the basis of his luneral discourse on these words the basis of his funeral discourse on the Sabbath succeeding the death of Dr. Chalmers. He was the great leader of the evangelical portion of the Church of Scotland in that most remarkable event in the ecclesiastical history of modern times, when they threw off all connection with the established Church on account of its Erastian principles, and magnanimously encountered poverty and the oppression of civil power. After leading his people through many dangers, he was allowed to enter on the possession of the land which lay beyond the Jordan which the Jewish lawgiver was not allowed to pass; and then he obeyed the great law of nature while in the fulness of his years, but in the vigor of his powers; "his eye was not dim, nor his natural force abated."

Well may Scotland mourn the loss of her most distinguished son—an ornament alike to his country and his race. What a noble spectacle! A man without patronage or civil power is convey-ed to his last resting place, and the tears of a na-tion are shed upon his grave! S. C.

The exports of Cotton Goods from Boston were in June 4306 bales, against 1387 in June 1846.—
Of these shipments 2358 went to Valparaiso, 667 to Canton, 297 to Calcutta, 350 to Batavia and 226 to Sandwich Islands. The exports of Ice 926 to Sandwich Islands. The exports of Ice from Boston in June were 6776 tons, against 2930 same month last year. New Orleans took 4148 tons. East Indies 493. Calcutta 700. Vera Cruz 300. Rio 252. Cruz 300. Rio 252.

An Ameritous Pic.—A pig was discovered a few days ago, at the falls of Niagara, in the "Cave of the Winds," nearly 100 feet below the upper world, and some fifty feet above the boiling flood in the abyss. There, beneath the pouring sheet of the centre fall was piggy, "monarch of all he surveyed." How long he had been there, no one could tell, and where he came from was still more unaccountable, unless he had made the fearful plunge over the precipice, and climbed up the broken rocks to the cave, where he was found.

The Governor of Massachusetts has appointed A. Judson Crane, Esq., to be Commissioner of Deeds in that State for Virginis.

From the Cincinnati Journal.

In a recent debate in the Legislature of Connecticut, some of the Whig members having alluded to Gov. Cleveland's political life, brought him to the floor, (he being a member of the Honse) and in the course of his reply, he gave the following definition of the Democratic principle:

"This gentleman, sir, has also been pleased to allude to my politics. Very good. I am proud of my party—the old democratic party that has ever stood fast by its principles, and the rights of our country. Yes, sir, I am proud of this party. It never swerves from duty—never abandons the cause of the country, but answers to its call whenever and wherever there is danger. It has always been so. It is so now. The Democratic party!—when did it ever shrink from rallying for the country—when did it ever fail to throw its mighty weight and its controlling influence upon the side of our country's rights? When? Never! no never!

names we have given as Mary and Charles resided in a little town of Western Pennsylvania. The former was the belle of the village, and the latter, some two or three years her senior, was her lover. The match was considered satisfactory to the friends of both parties, the young man bearing an excellent character. Before the time fixed for their marriage, however, misfortune come upon the lover, reducing him from comparative affluence to penury, and at the instance of her relatives, the engagement was postponed and finally broken. Depressed in spirits by this double misfortune, the youth left his home, no one knew whither.

A year or two afterwards our heroine, still inspired to the protect of destination, in Britain. Her pottem is very foul, which has prevented somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed somewhat her sailing. She will have to be placed on the Sectional Dock to be cleaned.

She has a crow of about fifteen English and fifty Chinese. It is a singular sight to see many of the crew at work, nearly naked, and others in the Chinese garb. She is an excellent sea boat, lies too and drifts with great ease and safety; is about seven hundred tons burthen, and has a large surplus of provisions and water on board. The commander retards that he has experienced very severe weather, particularly off this coast. The passage has been nearly a hundred days less than

whither.

A year or two afterwards our heroine, still inconsolable for the loss of her lover, attracted the attention of a rich old fellow who resided near this city. He was a bachelor, and had neither chick nor child of his own. Indifferent to what become of her, the girl suffered her relatives to dispose of her hand, and she made what was ralled a successful match in marrying the rich old bachelor. Three years after her husband died, leaving her every dollar of his estate. Independent now of the world she determined to spend her days single—a mourner for the cruel fortune

severe weather, particularly off this coast. The passage has been nearly a hundred days less than he anticipated. Her accommodations within are handsome and commodious, and she is filled with curiosities descriptive of the country she came from. We do not know her name, and if we did, probably could not give it our readers. The fermior what was a successful match in marrying the rich old bachelor. Three years after her husband died, leaving her every dollar of his estate. Independent now of the world she determined to spend he anticipated. Her accommodations within are landsome and commodious, and she is filled with curiosities descriptive of the country she came from. We do not know her name, and if we did, probably could not give it our readers. The fermion where the particular is a filled with curiosities descriptive of the country she came from. We do not know her name, and if we did, probably could not give it our readers. The fermion where the anticipated. Her accommodations, and she is filled with autiosities descriptive of the country she came from. We do not know her name, and if we did, probably could not give it our readers. The fermion which we have a fine view of the country she came from white anticipated. Her accommodations, and she is filled with uniosities descripted. Her accommodations, and she is filled with uniosities descripted. Her accommodations, and she is filled with uniosities descripted. Her accommodations, and sh

INDUSTRY AND PERSEVERANCE.

The following extract from Burnan's lectures, is worthy the attention of all young men:

"When you have sufficient intelligence to perceive what you may be, and decision enough to discern what you wan be, and decision enough to determine what you will be, the next indispensible qualities to success are industry and perseverance. Labor is the universal law, a law in which all who have their fortunes to make, that is, all the young and enterprising ought especially to rejoice. Labor is the grand magician, which is secretly conveying the good things of this world from hand to hand, while mankind look on and wonder how it is done. Who now possess the wealth and high places of the land. Mainly those who labored for them hard and long. From those hands are they imperceptibly gliding. From those who are too indolent to keep them. It is incredible what mere industry will accomplish in this

"It is wonderful what deception larks under a few common words and phrases in our language.
'What a fortunate man!' we hear the world ex-claim, when they see a man flourishing in his business. In nine cases out of ten, the very term is a flattering anction, which the indolent or un-enterprising man is laying to his soul, that the only difference between him and his successful neighbor, is that of luck. In a majority of in-stances he may at venture substitute in the place stances he may at venture substitute in the place of fortune, industry. He may say before he ex-amines the case, the cause of success was the amines the case, the cause of success was the same as was observed of Julius Cæsar. 'He always succeeded, because he left nothing undone which would secure success.'

"Let not the young mind repine at the law of labor, and the inevitable and inexorable necessity

of personal exertion which it imposes upon him It is the most favorable thing to those who have their own way to make in this world, and is among the favorable circumstances by which they are surrounded. It is the great agarian law, which in a manner levels all distinctions, and gives the poor man an inheritance in this world more certain though not so extensive as the rich, in his own talents, faculties, and capacities. By making all welfare and acquisition depend on labor, all man-kind are provided for, and all monopolies in effect done away."

SUNSET .- The sun sinks - and the earth close burnished gold of the west throws back a dead gold on the east, and tings burnished gold of the tremulous lark—the evening bell of nature.

The sun sinks—and the earth closes her great eye like that of a dying god. Then smoke the hills like that of a dying god. Then smoke the hills like alters; out of every wood ascends a chorus; the veils of the day, the shadows generous mind, and the surest source of pleasure, profit and reputstion in life, to be an unreserved acceptance of virtue."

"A good book and a good woman are excellent things for those who know how to appreciate their value. There are men, however, who judge both from the beauty of their cover."

N. COUNTY, VIRGINIA, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1847.

ARIVAL DP THE CHINESS JUNK.

ARIVAL DP THE CHINESS JUNK.**

The course of true love never did ran month. A country of the control of the country of the country

moulded our free institutions into their presentadmirable form, startling the old world with its
blessed reforms—its equalization of laws and privileges. It is the party of progress, pursuing the
right, and with the blessing of Heaven, securing
that right. Its province is to bless mankind—to
make them happier—to cast off their burthens—
to equalize their privileges—to develope the resources of the land and unfetter the mind—to protect the rights of all—yes, sir, to sustain the cause
of Liberty, and maintain the great principles of
this Free Government, the Representative of Liberty. I am proud of this party.

"Contrast it if you please, with the old Federal
party, now sailing under false colors, and with the

dent now of the world she determined to spend which had so destroyed the happiness of her young love's dream. She removed to this city where she had resided for nearly seven years, now the mourning and unknown—living only in the world of a mournful memory, enlivened only by an occasional thought that she might yet meet with her heart's chosen.

By a singular coincidence he happened to be in our city, where he had arrived a lew days before from New Orleans, and was about paying a visit to the garrison on the day on which had called the omnibus for the purpose of an excursion in the same neighborhood. They recognised each other in a moment, mutual explanations ensued; the was still unmarried, and her wildest hopes were realized by her union with the husband of her girlhood's choice.

We have the names of the parties in this little romance in our possession and would give them had never before, at least in the memory of man, witnessed such a funcial; and it was a tribute which will never be paid except to an unusual combination of intellectual and moral greatness. The bridegroom had gone to goodness and greatness he purchased the tears of the people.

Chalmers was truly a great man, and Scothage and selected and moral greatness was truly a great man, and Scothage and greatness and definition of intellectual and moral greatness. We have the names of the parties in this little and their order is as follows, the most nutritious matter, and their order is as follows, the most nutritious matter, and their order is as follows, the most nutritious matter, and their order is as follows, the most nutritious matter, and their order is as follows, the most nutritious matter, and their order is as follows, the most nutritious matter, and their order is as follows, the

Roasted veal, pork and salted beef, occupy five hours and a half—the longest of all articles of

Culture of the understanding is, indeed, one of the best methods of subduing the heart to softness, and redeeming it from that savage state, in which it too often comes from the hand of nature. hands are they imperceptibly gliding. From those who are too indolent to keep them. It is incredible what mere industry will accomplish in this to govern those passions, which were appointed world of toil, I had almost said it is the prime reto be her subjects, but which too often rebel and succeed in their unnatural revolt; but besides the effect of mental culture, in calling forth and increasing the powers of the reasoning faculty, it seems to possess an influence in humanizing the feelings, and meliorating the native disposition.

feelings, and meliorating the native disposition.

Music, painting, and poetry, teach the mind to select the agreeable parts of those objects which surround us, and by habituating it to a pure and permanent delight, gradually superinduce an habitual good humor. It is of infinite importance to lappiness, to accustom the mind from infancy to turn from deformed and painful scenes, and to contemplate whatever can be found of moral and natural heanty—the spicits under this houser. natural beauty—the spirits under this benign management contract a milkiness, and learn to flow cheerily in their smooth and yielding channow cheerly in their smooth and yielding chan-nels—while on the contrary, if the young mind is teased, fretted and neglected, the passage of the spirits becomes rugged, abrupt, exasperated, and the whole nervous system seems to acquire an excessive irritability. The ill-treatment of children has not only made them wretched at the time, but wretched for life, tearing the fine con-textures of their nerves and roughening by extextures of their nerves, and roughening by example, and by some secret and internal influence, the very constitution of their tempers.

The following extracts we cut from an old pa-per, and it will cost nothing to remember them, and no one will dispute their worth:

"I lay it down as a maxim, other things being equal, that every man is wretched in proportion to his vices, and affirm the noble ornament of a young,

treasure, or laughs mechanically at an unappre-ciated jest, are they not destitute of a garment that

he is too penurious to bestow?

From these reflections we turned again to the Pilgrims in the Park. They were kneeling on the Turf, with their faces resting upon the railing.—The exiled Patriarch, with one hand raised toward Heaven and the other resting upon the head of his boy, was at prayer!—Albany Evening Jour. AN IRRELIGIOUS HOME.

If there be one curse more bitter than another to man, it is to be the offspring of an irreligious home; of a home where the voice of praise and prayer ascends not to God, and where the ties of homan affection are not purified and elevated by the refining influence of religious feelings; of a home to which, if the cares or the sorrows of life shall bring religion to the heart in after days, that heart cannot turn without bitteruess of feeling, without angulah and vexation of spirit. If there be a curse to any country where the truths of religion are known, the deepest and bitterest curse which can be inflicted on it is a multitude of homes like that which I have supposed. Such homes send forth their sons unchecked in evil thoughts, unhallowed in their habits, and untaught in love to God; and send them forth to prey upon the land, and to become its curse and its destruction. But on the other hand, there is a bleasing to the religious home which in tongue can speak, no language can describe. The home where in early years the heart is trained to the love of God, and to take pleasure in his worship and service, interweaves with the existence of a man of lioly acking the content of the nor of lioly acking the process. If there be one curse more bitter than another to man, it is to be the offspring of an irreligious home; of a home where the voice of praise and years the heart is trained to the love of God, and to take pleasure in his worship and service, interweaves with the existence of a man of holy affectations which do not with the circumstances that gave them birth, which last long even though they may for a season be forgotten and neglected, and which exercise at least some check upon the evil of the human heart, and often, may commonly, recall to her again the voice of God, and to turn to the paths of holiness and peace. How great, how unspeakable is the happiness of a land when homes like this are common. homes like this are common.
[Rev. Henry John Rose.

THE DAUGHTER. Numerous instances might be related of daughters who have excelled in affection, in kindness, in obedience, and in piety, but the reader no doubt can call to mind many cases of thus kind; fresh in his own recollection, which leaves it un-

place she occupies in society, and may yet live to mourn over her fatal mistake. A daughter should be obedient to her parents, and above all, to her mother, for nothing is calcu-lated to injure her in the estimation of others so much as disobedience; her advice and consent should always be obtained before any thing of importance is done and the child who fails to

importance is done and the child who fails to sobey her mother, or disregard her counsel, will have feason to sourn over her folly, and shed many tears in scret and in sorrow.

Plety, though last named, is of the greatest importance; for while there are duties to be performed to hose with whom we associate in life, there are sisoothers which we owe to our Creator, and which should never be neglected or deferred; the penormance of which will prepare you to act aright under every charge, and enable you to bear ap under all the ills that flesh is heir to, as well as cheer and comfort the heart, while "passing the valley and shadow of death."

THE HUNTING SHIRT.—The Hunting Shirt, the national military, but still lingers among the hun-ters and ploneers of the far West. The nationa costume, properly so called, was adopted in the outset of the Revolution, and was recommended to his army by Washington in the most eventful period of the war of Independence. It was a lavorite garb with many of the line, particularly the gallant Col. Josiah Parker.

gallant Col. Josiah Parker.

When Morgan's Riflemen, made prisoners at the assault on Quebec in 1775, were returning to the south to be exchanged, the British garrisons on the route beheld with wonder these sons of the mountain and the forest. Their hardy looks, their tall athletic forms, their marching always in Indian file, with the light and noiseless step peculiar to their pursuit of woodland game; but above all, to their pursuit of woodland game; but above all, to European eyes, their singular pictures que costume, the Hunting Shirt, with its fringes, the wampum belts, leggins and moccasins, richly worked with Indian ornaments of heads and porcupine quills of brilliant and varied dyes, the tomahawk and knife; these, with the well known death dealing of these matchless marksmen, created in the European military a degree of awe and respect for the Hunting Sbirt, which lasted with the war of the Revolution.

Of all the actions of a man's life, his marriage loes least concern other people: yet of all actions
of his life it is most meddled with.

Merrily jumpeth the child on its crutch; peeviably crawleth the old man on his. Children both —wherein differ they? The one hopeth, the other remembereth.

SECRET CORRESPONDEN

"I don't want no syrup," ses I, "I want sody water."

"Ah!" ses he, "you want extra sody."

And with that he took a glass and put sum white stuff in it, and then held it under the spout till it was full, and handed it to me. I put it to my hed and pulled away at it, but never got sich a ever-lastin' dose before in all my life. I got three or four swollers down before I begun to taste the dratted stuff, and you may depend it liked to killed me right ded in my tracks. It tuck the breath clean out of me, and when I cum to mysell, my tung felt like it was full of needles, and my stumick like I'd swollered a pint of frozen coapsuds, and

"Pizen!" ses he.

"Yes," ses I, "pizen. I ax'd you for sum sody water, and you gin me a dose bad enough to kill a hoss;"

"I gin you nothin' but plain sody," ses he.

"Well," ses I, "if that's what you call sody water, I'il be dadfetched if I'll try any more of it. Why, it's worse nor ingin turnip juice, stew'd down six gallons into a pint, cooled off in a snowbank and mixed with a harrycane."

Jest then the billin hot steam cum up into my throte, that like to blow'd my nose out by the roots: Ses he, "Maybe you ain't used to drinkin' it without syrup."

"No," says I, "and what's more, I never will be."

"It's much better with sassyparilla or goosberry syrup," ses he. "Will you try sum with syrup?"

"No, I thank you," ses I, and I paid him a thrip for the dose I had, and put out.

Diversity of Features in the Human Face.

DIVERSITY OF FEATURES IN THE HUMAN FACE.—It is a very evident proof of the adorable wisdom of God, that although the bodies of men are so conformed to each other in their essential parts, yet there is so great a difference in their external appearance, that they may be easily and infallibly distinguished. Among so many millions of men there is no two perfectly alike. Each has something peculiar which distinguishes him from all others, either in face, voice, or manner of speaking. The variety in face is the more astonishing, because the parts which compose the human face his plantation in Louisiana. The history affords a couple that high romantic attachments are still extent in this humdrum world of ours. We hope that in this humdrum world of ours. We hope the parties may live to enjoy through long years of happiness, the reward of their fidelity to their early vows.

INDUSTRY AND PERSEVERANCE.
The following extract from Burnap's lectures, is worthy the attention of all young men:
"When you have sufficient intelligence to perceive what you ought to be, and judgement enough to discern what you wall be, the next indispensible qualities to success are industry and perseverance. Labor is the universal to the labor in two lours and a half—an hour and a half—are then chicken are converted in two lours and a half—an hour and a half—are hours and a preseverance. Labor is the universal to the place is digested. In his own recollection, which leaves it untilities which clusting labor in fresh in his own recollection, which leaves it untilities of main in his own recollection, which leaves it untilities of main in his own recollection, which leaves it untilities and then him form all others, either in face, voice, or manner of speaking. The variety in face is the universe indexing. The variety in face is the universe in face, voice, or manner of speaking. The variety in face is the universe in the case and kind, in the shortest time—an hour. As it also contains eight-tenths of overliness, woman, in substance of diet. Tripe and pig's feet (strange for happiness, the reward of their fidelity to their early vows.

INDUSTRY AND PERSEVERANCE.

The following extract from Burnap's lecture, the face of men and pig's feet (strange for happiness, the reward of their fidelity to their early vows.

INDUSTRY AND PERSEVERANCE.

The following extract from Burnap's lecture, the face of water. Of all the world in his own recollection, which cleaves it until the variety of the rame, the rame is dispetation. The variety of use to me wisdom of the creator, which in diversifying the features of the face in so admirable a manner, has evidently the happiness of man in view. For it they resembled each other perfectly, so that they could not be distinguished each from each, it would occasion an infinite of inconveniences, mistakes, and deceptions in society. No man could ever be sure of his life, mor of the peaceable possession of his property. Thieves and cut-throats would rurn no risk of being discovered if they could not be known again by the features of their face, or the sound of their voice. Adultery, theft, and other crimes would go unpunished, because the guilty could scarcely ever be discerned. We should be every moment exposed to the malice of wicked and envious men; and we could not guard again: an infinity of mistakes, frauds and m sdemeanors. And what uncertainty would there be in judiciary proceedings, in sales, transfers, bargains and cominere! What confusion in commerce! What frauds and bribery in respect to witnesses! Finally the uniformity and perfect similitide of faces would deprive human society of a great part of his charms, and considerably diminish the pleasurd which men flad in conversing with each other.

The variety of features constitute a part of the plan of Divine government, and is a striking proof of the tender care of God towards us; for it is manifest that not only the general structure of the body, but also the disposition of its particular parts, have been executed with the greatest wisdom. Every where we behold variety connected with uniformity; where we behold variety connected with uniformity; where we behold variety connected with uniformity; where result the order, proportion, and beauty of the human body. Let all what consider this subject, admire the wise arrangements of the great Creator.—Sturm's Refections.

A pennyless but pleasant looking Irishman was yesterday charged before the Recorder with making a noise in the street the previous night.

"What were you doing?" asked the Recorder, "Divil a ha porth, good, bad or indifferent,"

aid the prisoner.
"Then what were you saying," demanded the Recorder. "Divil a word but the truth," said Pat. " f

"Divil a word but the truth," said Pat. "I was singing.
"Now that I'm in a foreign land,
You'll find no change on me."
"And was'nt it thrue I For they searched me at the watchhouse, and could'nt find as much as would jingle on a tomb stone.

The Racorder finding that he had not us much as would pay his jail fees, let him off.

"TRAINS OF HOD-MEN.—" Och mutheration!" exclaimed a hod-carrier, "I've got a piece of morther in my eye!"

"Morther, is it," replied his companion; "thin just put in a piece of brick-bat, and you'll have a well eye iv it."



CHABLESIC WITE

Friday Morning, July 23, 1847.

GEN. TAYLOR SUPERCEDED! This is the title of a silly article first published by the National, of N. Orleans, and copied by some equally sapient Whig papers. The public is called upon to be excessively shocked at the awful indignity shown to Gen. Taylor. But the supernet, hereafter, in concert with Gen. Scott, and to report to him his operations. It is, certainly, a little late to discover that, in this way, Gen. Tay lor has been superceded. Gen. Scott happens to hold a Major General's commission some years older than Gen. T's, and to be also commanderin-chief of the American Army. As soon as I.c. was ordered to Mexico, he therefore, of course out ranked Gen. Taylor, and was to be treated by the administration as the head of the Army of Invasion. That all correspondence with the army should, from that time, be through him, was a matter settled, and no military man has complained stronger than Gen. Taylor himself, as in the case of Gen. Patterson, of any thing that looked like a correspondence with a subordinate, while his superior was on the same field. If, by this rule as to Gen. Taylor's future correspondence, he is superceded, then are all the subordinates in the same category. It seems hard to please the opponents of the administration. They clamored because Gen. S. was not sent to the seat of war; and now that he has been sent, they clamor that all military usage and discipline is not set aside, and his junfor officers permitted to correspond independently with the department.

"PROSORIBING PROSORIPTION." The Whig press talk most sweetly of the blessed influence of their restoration to power, when party spirit shall be allayed and the country and not" party" will be thought of for a moment -Occasionally, however, some indiscreet and "premature" whipper-in, lets out the true secret. For instance, "Potomac" in the Baltimore Patriot, gloating over the next House of Representatives as probably Whig, laya down the programme as follows. Referring to the excellent clerk, B. B. French, Esq., he says:

"Were he thrice a candidate, I am sure he could not get one Whig vote. A Whig House, with the laborious and patriotic duty before it, which the conduct of the Executive renders imperative, will certainly take care in the outset to have a genuine Whig organization! No one, who will play the part of a trimmer, temporiser or bargainer need think of being elected clerk of the next House of Representatives. He must be a genuine Whig, capable, honest and energetic. A drone won't do! So with the Sergeant-at-Arms! So with the Door-Keeper! Business is to be done by the next House—and it must have

siness men for its officers!' It is admitted, then, that the "no party" doctrine does not apply to the "spoils of office!"-Where officers are to be appointed, " a genuine WHIG ORGANIZATION" is all right !- Rich. Enq.

GEN. TAYLOR'S POLITICS. The National Union of Nashville has the fola

Our friend of the Clarksville Jeffersonian, and there is no abler or truer paper in the State, thinks that Gen. Taylor is a bank and distribution whig. that Gen. Tayloris a bank and distribution wing-We would like to know where or how the Jeffer-sonian finds its evidence that Gen. Taylor enter-tains any such opinion. The questions of bank and distribution are both obsolete. No body is in favor of either the one or the other. The great ever in favor of a National Bank, and, if he was, he certainly is so no longer. If the General is in of distribution, he is a curiosity, for no body

ulse is.
It is admitted by the Whigs themselves that Gen. Taylor agrees with the most ultra Demo-crats on the subject of the tariff. He is certainly War. And he is, with equal certainty, in avoration of territorial indemnity for its expenses. Before these questions all others sink into utter insignificance. They are the vital points of difference between the parties. Free trade, especially, is the great commandment of our political faith, and we will yield no man to our opponents who agrees

ith us on that point. The Jeffersonian regards Gen. Taylor as a Clay The Jeffersonian regards Gen. Paylor as a Clay Whig, on every thing but the tariff; but 'does not wish to be understood as saying that he is opposed to the war!' Will the Jeffersonian be kind enough to tell us what principles the Whigs now-a-days have, save opposition to the war and the presentariff? Will it be good enough to describe to us modern whire who grapes with the democrats on a modern whig, who agrees with the democrats on the war and tariff questions? We are curious; and if the Jeffersonian is able to make such a whig us this, it need not fear being langhed at should it attempt to prove that the most pious divine in Clarksville is an atheist, except that he believes the Bible, and practices all its precepts.

BALTIMORE AND THE WEST .- The Columbus (Ohio) State Journal, in alluding to the agree ment between Wheeling and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, with regard to the "right of way," says:

"There seems now to be a prospect that this "There seems now to be a prospect that this great work of improvement will be pushed forward to completion within a reasonable time.— For a long period it has been at a stand—looking, as it were, from the summit of the Alleganies, for the most advantageous point to intersect the Ohio river, which was the limit originally prescribed for the stupendous undertaking. But should the work take the course indicated by the foregoing paragraph, Wheeling will enjoy but a brief season the advantages of the terminus. The people of Ohio will see to that. A short time only will elapse before the road will penetrate the interior of Ohio, connecting itself with the richest agricultural region between the river and the lakes, and drawing from both a large amount of their pre ent drawing from both a large amount of their pre enternait business. It will soon connect itself with the river again at Cincinnati—thus securing to itself all the advantages and benefits of a junction at a point advantageous for its interests in reasons of low water; while at the same time it will be each its of the complete of the co

SARATOGA .- The Sentinel says there must be in the neighborhood of two thousand strangers now in Stratoga, and good accommodations for two Britannia.

housand more are to be had.

THE POREIGN NEWS. The news by the Britannia, shows another great fall in the price of breadstuffs, produced by the fine prospect of a good harvest and abundant supplies imported into England. As breadstuffs go do en, cotton (says the Baltimore Sun,) goes up, and there had been an advance of ad per pound since last steamer.

The English government is still engaged in its armed intervention in the affairs of Portugal.
This junta refuses to accept the amnesty, and a British squadron has gone to reduce the insurrents to submission. In addition to this work for the navy, it has had a task to perform in the China seas, capturing the Bogue forts and destroying them. Keying, the Emperor, has agreed to allow the English to enter Canton, and promises to punish those who are concerned in the riots with the English. The French have also been chastising the natives of Cochin China for imprisoning the missionaries. The forts at Touran vere attacked, and one thousand of the natives, is said, were slain. Food riots are occasional in Europe, but the most imminent danger is over, and comparative abundance is diminishing the number of these outbreaks.

THE VIRGINIA REGIMENT.

A letter from an officer of Gen. Wool's division, ablished in the National Intelligencer, says: "The Virginians bid fair to be a splendid regiment; the officers are certainly among the most gentlemanly that we have seen out here, and are busily engaged in drilling and disciplining their men, who are soper, orderly, and any lous to learn. Fairfax's company is said to be already in fine order, and he is a rigid disciplinarian and good drill officer. In fact, we think that they will replace our two Illinois regiments, and that they can be depended upon. We were disposed to think meanly of them at first, but you may depend on it there is a good deal in the blood of men, as there is in that of horses. "The Virginians bid fair to be a splendid regihat of horses.

We sometimes hope that we may be able to

march lorward by the 1st of August with something like eight thousand men, but then again we despair of ever moving, owing to the transfer of our forces. Urrea has again crossed the mountains with fifteen hundred regular cavalry, to get between us and our smalles?" between us and our supplies

INTERESTING CEREMONY. The ceremony of laying the Corner Stone of the Episcopal Church in this piace, will take place on Saturday the 31st of July, instant.

The Masonic Order, the Independent Order of Old Fellows, and the Sons of Temperance, each of which have organizations in our town, have been invited to be present on the occasion, and participate in the ceremony.

A cordial invitation is extended to all Brethren

of standing, in either of the above Orders, to be present on the occasion. Several interesting Addresses will be delivered.

TALL OATS.

Mr. SAMUEL Young, of this county, has left at or Office two stalks of Oats, one of which measures six feet in height. The heads are in proportion to the height of the stalk.

SHANNONDALE SPRENGS. The warm weather of the last week or two, has added considerably to the company at the Springs. There are now about 70, and daily accessions to the number. Those who seek comfort, can find

no place else more inviting. DAGUERREOTYPE GALLERY.

Mr. Joseph Reinhart has just arrived in Shep herdstown, and intends making a professional stay amongst us for a short time. Mr. R. is a Daguerrotypist, and a pupil of the celebrated Simons of Philadelphia; judging from his specimens, we rive no hesitation in saying that he has been an readers : apt scholar, and reflects great credit upon his teacher. We never saw finer pictures nor more correct portraits, and we hope every one will em-brace the opportunity of handing his phiz to pos-

Shepherdstown, July 19, 1847.

IT Queen Victoria's state balls flourish with ilmost unparalleled splendor, however much commercial England may groan, or pauper Ireland may starve. It requires columns of the Court a glimpse of high English life, we extract a paragraph describing scenes of the supper hour :-" Supper was served soon after twelve o'clock

in the state dinner-room. A range of tables were placed round three sides of the apartment, and on them were displayed with royal magnificence suc cessive services of gold plate, interspersed with rats on the subject of the tariff. He is certainly in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the Mexican Var. And he is, with equal certainty, in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the Mexican Var. And he is, with equal certainty, in favor if territorial indemnity for its expenses. Before hese questions all others sink into utter insignicance. They are the vital points of difference here questions all others sink into utter insignicance. They are the vital points of difference with the contained of the purpose of the banquet. At the end of the room, opposite the doors by which the company entered, was erected a gorgeous buffet of go'd plate, filling a deep alcove-formed in that side of the room. The background with us on that point. was of crimson, and it was studded with the choicest specimens of art in the precious metals. On the base, or lower shelf of the buffet, was placed the 'Neptune' epergne, and on either side of it were the 'Hesterides' candelabra, each of these works a lasting token of the genius of the great artist who designed them. In the centre of the buffet was the shield of Achilles, over which and all he ton of the buffet was the shield of Achilles. the buffet was the shield of Ashilles, over which and at the top of the buffet was the Armada urn. On each side of the urn were two Etruscan vases, known as the Venns icepales, from the figure of the goldess forming the panelle. In the upper compartment were introduced two very large scent jars of great antiquity; smaller articles of great beauty filled up the interstices between the larger, and due advantage was taken of the present season in the display of beautiful flowers in gold vases. The buffet was briliantly illuminated with wax lights in gold sconces and candelabra."

THE GOVERNMENT REVENUE.-By an official tter from the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a communication from the Hon. Mr. Adams, of Mississippi, published in the Washington Union, it appears that the actual augmentation of receipts for duties for the first seven months and ten days under the tariff of 1846 as coppered.

The yield of wheat is better Unian was expected. ten days under the tariff of 1846, as compared with the same time under the tariff of 18:2, exceeds one million of dollars; and that, adding the duties on the warehoused goods, the total increase is nearly one million and a half of dollars. It is nearly one million and a half of dollars. It is nearly one million and a half of dollars. appears also, says the Union, that the rate of angmentation is progressing, and that Mr. Walker's estimate will be more than realized by the result.

"The enemy have taken me at last," said Gen Taylor when he heard the whigs had nominated

BT The Branch of the Exchange Bank of Virginia, at Alexandria, was duly organized on Saturday last by the unanimous election of ROBERT Jamieson, as President and John Hoor, as Cashier, and the other former officers of the Farmers Bank of Alexandria, to the corresponding offices

A CORRECTION. We have seen a paragraph circulating among several of the Whig papers of the country, to the effect that Licut. Washisgros, of the Virginia Regiment, who is now on furlough at home for his realth, has written a letter to the Charlestown schemes, "came upon the Whigs like a cold show-Free Press, in which he says that General Taylor or bath. The "National Whig" published at is a Whig—opposed to the present Tariff, and the
Sub Treasury—and ready to run, of course, as a
full-blooded Whig candidate. We are authorized
to eay; that Lieut. W. has never addressed such

neighborhood of Snickersville, Loudoun county, neighborhood of Snickersville, Loudoun county, It is now affirmed that Gen. Taylor entertains general, without serious difficulty or opposition, to these sentiments, and of course the Whigs would keep open the communication from Vera Cruz to Managers have been appointed from Clarke and just display as much consistency in supporting. Managers have been appointed from Clarke and Jefferson, and a representation of both ladies and gentlemen, from each of these counties, is expect- Tyler. If the Signal letter operated like a show-Messre. Moore and Marshall, who are to fur- er bath upon the Whigs, the Peyton letter must nish the Dinner, we doubt not, will discharge well the duty which has been assigned them, and have in readiness every thing that can add to the enjoyment of the occasion.

ment of the occasion.

If an Extra Train of Cars will run from Harpers-Ferry to Winchester on the 24th, to afford persons who wish to attend the procession, &c., of the Sons of Temperance, an opportunity to visit Winchester on that occasion—starting from Harpers-Ferry at 7 o'clock, A. M., passing Charles-town at 8 o'clock, and arriving in Winchester at half past 9 o'clock. Fare for for the round trip One Dollar.

A rumor reached New Orleans by the Day that there was again a fair prospect that a forward movement would shortly be made by Gen. Taylor, easys the Picayune, we infer that this is mere speculation.

The Pennsylvanan asys—The taril is much lishly bent on destroying—whig predictions. The was again a fair prospect that a forward movement would shortly be made by Gen. Taylor, easys the Picayune, we infer that this is mere speculation.

The Picayune has been allowed to peruse a letter from Saltillo dated the 19th ult., written by an officer of the army. We infer from it that there is likely to be a stampede thereabouts. Rumors were current that large bodies of armed Mexicans had been seen at different points, twenty miles from Saltillo. One Dollar.

LT A friend informs us that it is necessary under the provisions of the School Law, to post up at some public place in each election District, a written notice that an election will be held on the 1st Saturday in August for School Commissioner. It is hoped this matter will be attended

OF We have been requested to state that the ollowing persons have been elected and installed Officers of Ringgold Division, No. 51, Sons of Temperance, at Snickersville, Loudoun county, for the present quarter:

EDWARD P. DAVIES, W. P.: EDWARD P. DAVIES, W. P.; EDWARD BROOKS, W. A.; JOHN R. JOHNSON, R. S.; L. G. CARRINGTON, A. R. S.; S. M. ALLDER, F. S.; S. M. ALLDER, I. T.;
WILLIAM BROWN, T.;
THOMAS W. KEENE, C.;
FRANCIS E. ALLDER, A. C.;

In the course of an article upon the subject of city and country newspapers, the editor of Scott's Weekly Paper" makes the following remarks, which we commend to the attention of our

"No lonest man will pretend to say that a news-paper published in a remote city will supply the place of one published in a man's own neighbor-hood and especially devoted to the local interest of the inhabitants. There are many matters of great importance to particular districts and vi-cinities which cannot find a place in a journal inended to be circulated through the whole country. We therefore say, encourage your country news-paper First, for the information it affords is most indispensable."

IT It is supposed the United States can exporquestions before the country are free trade, and those growing out of the Maxican War. We know that on all these questions Gen. Taylor agrees with the democrats. We do not believe he was a climes of high Figlish life, we extract a respect to the property for home consumption. tration is evidently being made against Mexico, if she still refuse to come to an hunorable settlehave plenty for home consumption.

SENATORIAL .- Kane, democrat, has been elect- for th ed to the Virginia Senate, from the Abingdon dis trict, vice McMullen, dem , resigned.

NEW WHEAT FLOUR .- The Martinsburg Gazette says :- A lot of family flour from new zette says:—A lot of lamily flour from new prise. Even at the present prices of grains in wheat, was on Monday last consigned by Mr. England, our farmers would consider themselves Jamison, our rail road agent, to Newcomer & schoebraker, of Baltimore, from the mill of Mr. Jacob Swartz of Martinshurg. Jacob Swartz of Martinsburg.

Hon. John Quincy Adams completed his 80th and on the Continent of Europe.

Father Mathew's Benevolence.—At a re
Father Mathew's Benevolence.—At a re-

cent meeting in Cork, in connection with the ex-isting distress, it was stated that the Very Rev. Theobald Mathew has for some time past been feeding 2,500 persons a day.

died a few days ago at the Fauquier Springs, in the 54th year of his age.

THE WEATHER .- On Monday afternoon, the hermometer in the deorway of the office of the Philadelphia Inquirer stood at 99 degrees the devil n the meantime, crying out for "more copy.

A DRY SEASON.—The Worcester Shield says there has been no rain of consequence in the vi-cinity of Snow Ilill, Md , since the 30th of March, THE CHINESE JUNK .- This celestial visiter in

The Alexandria Gazette says that examinations

are making in Prince William County, Virginia, for Copper, and that so far, they have been quite successful. The Gazette adds that 2,500 pounds of ore have been shipped to Boston with a view of determining its quality. The Wheat Harvest of Ielinois and Missouri has been gathered. Of the quality of the grain harvested this year there is no difference of opinion. It is on all hands allowed to be excellent. The berry is aweer, heavy and well ripened. As respects its quantity, there is a general impression that it fells short of an average.

THE FREDERICK FRMALE SEMINARY .- On in the present Bank.

FAILURES.—We learn from the Philadelphia papers that a firm in the flour trade in that city has failed since the arrival of the foreign news per Britannia. Some flour houses in New York have Robbing the discharged volunteers of their pay in great numbers.

MORE GRAPE" FROM GEN. TAYLOR. THE GOVERNMENT AND MEXICO. The Washington Union, in alliding to the character of the recent news from Mexico, says:

It is highly probable, as a private letter from Vera Cruz states, that General Scott is either in the city of Mexico, or in the midst of an overture for peace.

It is now for Mexico to indicate her disposition The letter of Gen. Taylor, (eays the Baltimore Argue,) to the Editor of the Cincinnati Signal. in which he declared that " he would be the candidate of no party, nor lend himself to party

r negotiation. Mr. Buchanan shows how re-atedly we have tendered the olive-branch; and rely nothing would have justified our frequent petition of pacific overtures; but the compara-

to say; that Lient. When sever addressed a understand the vertices of the matter to the "Free Press," or any other press, and denses that Gen. Taylor, from conversations he has heard from him, over declared himself as Whig and opposed to the present measures of the author of such a rigmarole of nonsense.—

Whig and opposed to the present measures of the author of such a rigmarole of nonsense.—

Democratic party. So far from it, Gen. T. expressly disclaims being a party man, and expresses his unalterable determination not to identify him is self with either party. If the People elect him, he is willing to rerve them, but it must be of their free and unsolicited pleasure, and not through any instrumentality of his own. As with this rum, which his own misguided zeal has placed lare Gen. Taylor to be a Whig, when there is not one shadow of proof to sustain it. The party of expedients have already driven themselves to the wall, by their too cager instein, and utter recklessness and inconsistency. What next will be their move?

Berringum.

It is proposed to hold, as will be seen by reference to Advertisement, a Public Barbecuo in the neighborhood of Snickersville, Loudoun county, and Pharedwaths 5th of Auroust. Soveral of the lates of the matter of the corn and of the commanding proposed to Mrigary than the feel of the commanding proposed to Mrigary than the control of the commanding proposed to Mrigary than the commanding is now affirmed that Gen. Taylor entertains of the commanding to repeat the feel of the commanding that the season of mortality of the control of the commanding that the season of the States' Right party. The States has been been as the commanding to the commanding that the season of the States' Right party.

The season of the sum of the commanding the ridiculous twisting the ridiculous twisting and the control of the very awkward position in which his own Taylor, has made it and the proposed to the prospection of the commanding that the season of the prospection of the commanding that the prospect It is now affirmed that Gen. Taylor entertains

> FURTHER FROM THE BRAZOS .- Rumored Adhim as they did in advocating the election of John vance of Gen. Taylor.—The New Orleans Pica-yune of the 13th inst., has a few additional items from the Brazos, by the steamer James L. Day.
> The 4th of July was celebrated with great spirit
> at Matamoras. We have not room for the pro-

just display as much consistency in supporting

THE TARIFF.

The Pennsylvanian says-" The tariff is my

be to them a perfect freezer.

ruined is whig political economy."

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sur

The mail from New Orleans did not connect

chance left him to prevent his utter ruin. He cannot but know that another defeat would de

stroy him forever, and deliver him up to the hands of the mob of the capitol. He knows and appreciates that mob, by which he has once been expelled and very nearly executed. Should no terms of peace be accepted, General Scott will at once

overthrow the usurped Government of Santa Anna and reinstate Herrera, the President elect, who is

kept out of office by one of the most unheard of po-litical tricks, which could only have been practis-

ed on a people as ignorant of the art of govern-ment and the rights of the governed, as the Mexi-

cans.

Herrera is known to be in favor of peace, and would have accepted Mr. Slidell, our Minister Plenipotentiary, in the first instance. With Herrera, therefore, we shall not find it difficult to come rera, therefore, we shall not find it difficult to come

to terms, especially if we claim no money, (which at this time, it would be rather difficult for Mexi-co to raise,) but rather pay the Mexican Govern-

ment a few millions (for a proportionate ceasion of territory) to help them in their early difficul-ties. If we succeed in breaking down the war

party in Mexico, we may look forward to a long period of uninterrupted peace and friendly relation with our Southern neighbor, and both nations will

The news by the Britannia is not looked upon

sated by the rise in cotton. This seems to be a

legitimate and natural consequence of promising harvests—returning public confidence, and with it,

of renewed commercial and manufacturing enter

tifies the expectations of the friends of the

amelioration of the condition of man.

And tee [says the N. Y. Globe] close with the

[Martinsburg Republican.

CELEBRATION OF THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

e decline in breadstuffs is more than compen-

WASHINGTON, July 19, 1847.

ceedings.

A rumor reached New Orleans by the Day that

Mexicans had been seen at different points, twenty and thirty miles from Saltillo.

Apprehensions were excited that the Mexicans were concentrating troops to make an attack upon Saltillo, and all were on the alert there. Some suppose that Urrea may have gone round there, and led to these rumors by appearing at different points. We attach little importance to these reports, which will only lead to renewed vigilance on the part of our troops. last night, but your "ponies" came through two I am under the impression that Santa-Anna will accept the proposition to treat for peace, carried by Mr. Trist, and thus avail himself of the last

THE PRESENT FORCE UNDER GEN. SCOTT .-As some anxiety has been expressed as regards the situation of Gen. Scott, the N. O. Bulletin makes the following statement as to the force under his command, or on the way to join him : Gen. Scott, as near as we can ascertain from our inquiries, had with him when he joined Ger Worth, at Puebla,

About He was subsequently joined by Col. Childs, with the garri-son of Jalapa, about Gen. Cadwallader's column is Gen. Pillow has with him Gen. Pierce was to leave Vera Cruz on the 6th and

with a large train, and will have a force of Making together 14.100 So that, when he shall be joined by the reinforcements that have actually left Vera Cruz his force will be about 14,000 men, from which, after making the usual deduction for the sick list and

ficient effective force for him to make a forward feel the consequence of it.

Reinforcements to Gens. Scott and Taylor are pouring down in great numbers, and the twenty thousand men which the President promised, Gen. Scott shall have; and the ten thousand, destined THE BALTIMORE AND DISTRICT BATTALION .-The Union States that the volunteers now at Fort McHenry, under Col. Hughes, are under orders G B WAGER, to be the command of Gen. Taylor, will soon be completed. The utmost activity prevails in the War and Navy Departments, and a great demon-

for immediate transportation to the seat of war. Four companies will be shipped for Vera Cruz on

other contingencies, there will still remain a suf-

least one company will be taken from Carlisle, Pennsylvania; and another (if its organization should be speedily completed) from Wilmington, Delaware; besides a battery of field artillery from Baltimore. Other independent companies may, perhaps, be added to it as fast as they are ready. The addition of a squadron of mounted may, perhaps, be added to it as last as they are ready. The addition of a squadron of mounted men would be very desirable—thus forming, in fact, a corps of what is called in European armies, "eclaireurs," admirably adapted to a guerilla warfare; but we understand that there is some practically in the transcription of the content of th cal difficulty apprehended in the transportation of horses at this season of the year, for so long a voyage, which may prevent such an organizat voyage, which may prevent such an organization. As it is, it will form a beautiful and, we doubt not, a most efficient command, well calculated to do good service. In the organization of this force, the President has, from the beginning, taken a deep and almost paternal interest, and has evinced a disposition to render it as useful as possible; and now shows his continued interest and confidence in the batteria. CHOLERA.—The Cincinnati Times notices upon good authority, a probable case of Asiatic cholera in that city.

LT CARTER M. BRAXTON, a member of the Virginia Senate, and long known to the people of his State as a prominent and intelligent citizen, died a few days ago at the Fauquier Springs, in died a few days ago at the Fauquier Springs, in

AMERICAN CONSULATES.—In common with others, it seems that we have fallen into a serious mistake in regard to the fees of our Consuls.—The following are the fees of the most lucrative consulates in the gift of the President. Liverpool, \$9,955; Havre, \$3,161; Rio de Janario, \$5,332; Havana \$3,781; Oahu, \$3,300; Hull, \$2,525, Glasgow, \$2,105. At London, we have a Consul General (Col. Aspinwall) at a salary of \$2,000 who has filled the station since 1816, and resides, for economy's sake, at a cottage about twenty miles from London, having his office in the city. It should be borne in mind that there is no salary attached to American consulates. ance of visiting Brothers from the Charlestown, Elk-Branch, Shepherdstown and Harpers-Ferry Divisions, the latter accompanied by the band of that place.
A friend nas furnished us with a full sketch of A friend nas furnished us with a full aketch of the day's proceedings, which we are sorry we cannot publish to-day, but hope we may be able to do so next week. The day was very propitious in every respect—a bright and cloudless sky rolled in beauty over our heads—mild and balmy breezes greeted us with refreshing gales, and the smiles of a large, attentive and respectable audience cheered and animated us in our noble effort—the amelioration of the condition of man.

John M. Borrs' Toast, [sent to Philadelphia]

"The Mexican War, and the authors of mischief that produced it. The first unnecessary, wanton, and wisked. The last, selfish, disingenuous, and usurping. If the next Congress is true to itself, and the country, it will arrest the war, and vindicate the Constitution; by means wisely provided, for great purposes, by men who know the value of freedom."

following sentiment from 'Old Rough and Ready,' one of the "wicked authors" and principal heroes of that "wicked war:"

The Frederick Female Seminary.—On Thursday, the 8th instant, came off in the city of Frederick, Md., the third annual Commencement of the Frederick Female Seminary, when diplomas were conterred upon the graduating class, consisting of ten young ladies.

The Shelby (Ky.) News says, that the celebrated race borse Eclipse, died at the stables of Mr.

Jilson Yates, in that county, on the 10th inst.

"Huzza for Doniphan for next President." exclaimed a Missourian (halfseas over) on the Pennsylvania Avenue a few evenings since. "No, no," said his companion, "that will never do, we must have old Zach for President and Doniphan is the boy to be elected a judge of the Supreme Court." "Hardly," rejoined the other, "for he never read a line of law in his life." "What of that," was the prompt reply, "did'nt he whip the Mexicans at Chihuahua?"

OREGON WHEAT.

WOOD END, July 19, 1847.

Ma. Beller: —Dear Sir,—In your last paper you alluded to a field of Oregon wheat, grown upon my farm this season, and as it is a new variety of Wheat in this section of country, and promises to be a valuable one, I will give you a few facts relative to its origin and qualities, which may not prove uninteresting to your readers, most of whom are cultivators of the crop, and all, alike dependent upon it for the main subsistence of life.

By reference to the Report of the Commissioner of Patents for the year 1845, I find it there stated, that it was brought from the Oregon Territory by a Missionary in the year 1839, and placed in the Patent Office for distribution. The gentleman in Maryland, from whom I first procured it, obtained a small quantity at the Patent Office, and after one or two sowings, succeeded in reason of the commercial intelligence.

She brings news of a still further decline in the price of breadstuffs. On the 4th inst, flour was selling at from 32 to 34 shillings sterling. On the 19th of June, when the Caledonia left, it was quoted at from 38 to 44 shillings sterling. This decline is equal to about one dollar and a half per barrel. The market on this side of the Atlantic will be reaped the harvest of 1845, 213 bushels of good merchantable wheat, it being over 50 bushels are asset.

The Steamship Britannia, Capt. Harrison, was telegraphed at Boaton, at half past 8 o'clock on Saunday the 4th inst., has made the passage in less than thirteen days. We are indebted to the N. Y. Herald and Philadelphia Bullettin for a summary of the commercial intelligence.

She brings news of a still further decline in the 19th of June, when the Caledonia left, it was quoted at from 38 to 44 shillings sterling. On the 4th inst, show the commercial intelligence.

he reaped the harvest of 1845, 212 bushels of good merchantable wheat, it being over 50 bushels per acre.

I procured a small quantity from him the fall of 1845, and sowed three bushels of it on one and a half acres of Corn-ground, very late in the fall, from which I reaped the harvest of 1846, thirty-four bushels of good wheat, fit for seed. It stood the wet weather of the harvest of 1846 much better than any other wheat, the straw being strong and stiff, and although the growth of the straw was heavy, it did not fall.

I was so much pleased with it, I sowed it again, and it has fully sustained its original good character, and that on three different farms in this county. The straw this season was of an unu-

county. The straw this season was of an unusually bright yellow color, strong and stiff,—it tillers well, head smoothe, large and square, and from four to five grains abreast, being deep red, round, large and full, thin skin and very light bran. It stood the winter much letter than any other round, large and full, thin skin and very light bran. It stood the winter much better than any other variety of wheat I had sown. On the same field with the Oregon wheat was sown some Zimmerman, and it was perceptible to the very furrow, the great difference between the two varieties; the Oregon being much taller, thicker, and the appearance of the straw much brighter, and is estimated to yield for some interest of the straw much brighter, and is estimated to yield for some interest. appearance of the straw much originer, and is esti-mated to yield from eight to ten, bushels more to the acre. If any difference existed in the quality of the soil, it was in favor of the Zimmerman. Mr. John Myers and Mr. Thomas Griggs, two

of my neighbors, procured a small quantity of the seed last fall and sowed it, and I am informed it seed last fall and sowed it, and I am informed it was decidedly better than any other variety of wheat upon their farms, having suffered much less injury from the effects of the winter, which fully satisfies me that it will prove to be a great acquisition to our farmers, as most all other varieties have run out, and so much degenerated as to be entirely unfit for seed e entirely unfit for seed.

be entirely unfit for seed.

This degeneration of seeds was equally the case in times of yore as it is in the present time, for we find Virgil, as of all other things, so of this particular concerning seeds, has reasoned excellently, and thus expresses himself:—

"I've seen the largest seeds, the' view'd with care, Degenerate, unless the industrious hand Did yearly cull the largest. Thus all things, By fatal doom, grow worse, and by degrees, Decay, forc'd back into their primevous state." Thus we perceive the Romans, at the period of the Christian Era, were urged to be careful in the

selection of their seed, and more especially in the choice and selection of their seed wheat, as they were mainly dependent upon it for subsistence, it being the principal staff of life.

Yours, &c., ROBT. W. BAYLOR. RIVER IMPROVEMENT MEETING.

Agreeably to a call in the public papers of the County, a meeting of the citizens of Jefferson, friendly to the improvement of the navigation of the Shenandoah River, was held at the Court-The meeting was organized by the appointment of RICHARD PARKER, Esq. as Chairman, and

of RICHARD PARKER, Esq. as Chairman, and J. Harrison Kelly, as Secretary.

The object of the meeting was stated by Mr. J. W. Beller to be the appointment of Delegates, to act in conjunction with those heretofore appointed, to represent the County in a Convention to be held at Front Royal on Monday the 2d day of August part that the deliberts on the superior to gust next, to deliberate on the subject of the further improvement of the Shenandouh River.

The following resolution was submitted and

adopted :
Resolved, That the Chairman appoint Twentyfive Delegates to represent this County, (in connection with those heretofore appointed.) in the proposed Shenandah Improvement Convention.

The President then appointed the following delegates to said Convention:

T A MOORE, H N GALLAHER, WM D NORTH, C B HARDING, GEO MAUZY, ISAAC FOUKE, Four companies will be shipped for Vera Cruz on the 22d inst., and the rest as soon as possible thereafter. The Union adds:

It is intended that Colonel II. shall open the road from Vera Cruz to Jalapa, and to occupy that important town for the purpose of securing General Scott's line of operation. With this view, the battalion will be greatly increased. At least one company will be taken from (artisle.)

SAAC FOUKE, C B HARDING, WM J STEPHENS, J J ABELL, JAS-GIDDINGS, Capt WM DILLOW, JOHN LOCKHART, JOHN LOCKHART, J M JEWETT, BENJ RODERICK, TO J FAULKNER, WM B WILLIS, C J FAULKNER, WM FORD, WM B THOMPSON, C R STARRY, Least one company will be taken from (artisle.)

B C WASHINGTON,
On motion of A. Hunter, Esq.,
The Chairman and Secretary were added as part of the representation from this County to the convention.

Convention.
On motion, it was
Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting
be published in the papers of the District.
RICHARD PARKER, Ch'n.
J. HARRISON KELLY, Sec'y.

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS .- The New York EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS.—The New York Tribune says that the aggregate of Breadstuffs shipments from the U. States to Great Britain is enormous, and the exports still continue. The quantity of Indian Corn is 15,000,000 bushels, and of Wheat 2,700,000 bushels, Flour 2,500,000 bbls. Reduced to Grain the whole exports are equal to thirty three millions of bushels, worth probably as many dollars. This amount was sent to Great Britain and Ireland alone. We have supplied large quantities of breadstuffs to other countries.

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE POPE.-It is now a matter of certainty, says the correspon-dent of the New York Herald, that the Pope has dent of the New York Herald, that the Pope has intimated his desire, though not formally, to open diplematic relations with this country. The channel through which the overture has been made, is such that it cannot be disregarded. The Cabinet is fully alive to the mutual advantages that would result to both countries, from the establishment of diplomatic intercourse between them, and the President, in his next annual message to Congress, will recommend the appointment of a Charge d'Affaires, to reside alternately near the courts of Rome and Tuscany.

DEATH BY LIGHTRISG.—Mr. Henry W. Long, of Somerset county, Md., was instantly killed by lightning on Wednesday, the 6th inst. Mr. Long was in the field, in the act of placing s log on the fence, when the electric fluid descended upon him is a severy elaborate document, and enters fully into the fence. His little son, standing a few yards off, seeing his father's fate, ran and gave the alarm, and when the brother of Mr. Long got to him he found his boots and feet nearly burnt off by the free from the commends that the law be accepted, with the provisions and a greenments that the law be accepted, with the provisions and a greenments that the law be accepted, with the provisions and a greenment entered into by Mheeling, and which it was authorised to make between a ralksman and a landholder. The rafter man fired before the word; shot his antagonist in the neck, and then ran?

Off "Huzza for Doniphan for next President" exposed in the neck, and then ran?

Off "Huzza for Doniphan for next President" exposed colling and the agreement entered into the green and free heads of the neck, and then ran?

Their destination is the far West, and the city a single day.

The First Prister Rangers in North America!—A writer in the Boston Courier refers to the late free the committee has bad a full and free interpolation of all the point of the case—states that the committee appointed on the subject of the extension of the road to the Ohio river, under the law of the last Val. Legislature, was made by Mr. T. P. Scott, the Chairman. It is a very elaborate document, and enters fully into the subject of the extension of the road to the Ohio river, under the law of the last Val. Legislature, and the city a single day.

The First Pristre in North America!—A writer in the Boston Courier refers to the late free the Ohio of the States of States and the city of William Caxton, by the erection of a public monute of states the late of the committee appointed on the subject of the subject of the extension of the road to the Ohio real the Ch BAUTIMORE AND OHIO RAILEDAD — Important Decision. We learn from the Patriot, that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, yesterday morn-

MEXICAN CURE FOR THE RHEUMATISM.—The Mexicans split a dog down the middle, and bind the half on the affected part. The animal heat extracts the pain!

Arrival of the Steamer Britannia

Indian Meal, 23 0223 0 20 0234 0
American Flour, 39 0a40 0 31 0a34 0
We copy from the Herald the following despatch, dated Liverpool, July 4th, 11 A. M.
A signal depression has taken place in the corn market since the departure of the last steamer, attribute to many causes, but more particularly market since the departure of the last steamer, attributable to many causes, but more particularly to the prevalence of fine weather and the growing steadiness of the money market. Prices have become unprecedentedly low. At the closing of our market yesterday, P. M., the best Western Canai brands would not fetch more than 34s. 6d. per barrel; and in some few instances, it reached 35s., but the transactions were generally of a retail character, and did not indicate the slightest speculative disposition. Large quantities were sold at 34s. per bbl., but that is a price which could not be realized for any considerable quantity today. Richmond and Alexandria are quoted at 33s. per bbl.; Philadelphia and Baltimore 32s.; New Orleans and Ohio 31s.; United States and Canada flour from 28s. to 29s. per bbl. Indian corn orieans and Onto 31s.; United States and Canada flour from 28s. to 29s. per bbl. Indian corn has likewise suffered a material depression, and cannot be quoted higher than 44s. 6d. to 45s. per quarter. Inferior sound ranges from 32s. upwards. Indian meal stands at 20s. to 21s. per wards. Indian bbl. of 196 lbs.

bbl. of 196 lbs.

The rumors of the potato disease are exceedingly conflicting, and not reliable, and the growing crops are in a state of the utmost forwardness. The weather could scarcely be more favorable

than it is.

General Intelligence.—The Bogue ports in the China seas were captured, and completely destroyed by the British land and naval forces on the 26th of April. 876 pieces of artillery were seized and spiked in thirty-six hours.

Father Matthew has received a pension of £300

a year from the crown. Rumor states that the Pope has declined to make him Bishop of Cork. Mr. O'Connell's remains are expected to arrive at Southampton on the 18th.

The Sarah Sands steamer put into Cork in consequence of an accident to her machinery. Sho

sequence of an accident to her machinery. Sho was expected to sail yesterday.

Fever is dreadfully prevalent; in Liverpool it has made the most destructive havoc amongst the Catholic clergy, eight having been swept away in two months; the distemper was in every instance contracted by them while visiting the sick.

Provisions.—Prices have been generally steady for the last fortnight, so that any important alteration cannot be made. Prime mess beef is worthper tierce from 90s. to 95s.; Ordinary 86s. to 90s.; mess per bbl. 55s. to 60s. Of old prime mess and mess prime, no quotations can be made. Pork stands at, for prime mess, new, per bbl., 70s. to 76s., old, 66s. to 70s; prime, 56s. to 62s. Hams, in pickle sell freely, but there has been no market for dry.

Financial.—The money market has considerably improved, and greater confidence has been in-

Financial.—The money market has considerably improved, and greater confidence has been infused into every branch of trade. Not only is a growing liberatty evinced by the Bank of England, but the provincial banks generally manifest a spirit of enlarged accommodation. The paper of the Banks of England in actual circulation, including seven days and other post bills, decreased last week from £18,815,051, to £18,741,490, being a difference of £73,561, while the increase of bullion was £14,808.

COTTON CROP .- The Florida Sentinel of the 6th inst., after noticing the unprecedented quanti-ty of rain which had fallen in Tallahassee and its

environs for two weeks previous, says:

"This continued wet is of course quite unfavorable to the Cotton plant. Grass and weeds vorable to the Cotton plant. Grass and sprout and flourish upon the slightest opportunisprout and flourish upon the slightest opportuni-ties, and there is danger and apprehension that the plant will shed. But as yet we have heard no complaint. The prospect throughout Middle Florida is, we think, fair. Wet weather is usual with us at this season of the year, and if it does not continue too long, there is no cause now in existence, to our knowledge, to prevent an aver-

age crop.

"In the way of provision crops the promise is even better than last year. Corn has attained a remarkably fine growth, and the green ears gathered promiscuously for the table, have never been larger or better filled. The crop will be abundant."

IMPROVEMENT OF THE SHENARDOAH.—We are glad to perceive that the subject of improving the Shenandoah River is beginning to engage general attention in the different counties through which that notable stream passes. We trust we shall live to see the day when the people of Rockingham and Page, and Clarke and Warren and Jetierson, will enjoy the immense benefits which must flow from an improvement of the Shenandoah. We are glad to see the notice for a meeting of the people of the region round about Mt. Crawford on this subject—the people of all that section of Rockingham are vitally interested in the improvement—and we hope they will evince their concern for the enterprise by a full turn out at the meeting appointed for the 24th inst.

[Rockingham Register. IMPROVEMENT OF THE SHENANDOAH .- We are

IMMIGRATION.—We learn from the New York Inmigration.—We learn from the New York True Sun, that sickness amongst arriving immigrants has sensibly diminished. Upwards of 50,000 have arrived since the 5th of May, but latterly those who have landed have been of the better class. One day last week a vessel arrived from Norway with steerage passengers, some of whom had from ten to twenty thousand dollars with them. Their destination is the far West, and they did not stop in the city a single day.

York, are at present overflowing with alrangers from all parts of the United States.

Letter from Mr. Buchanan to Santa Anna—
Symptoms of Peace, &c.

Prom the Baldmore Sun.

Notwithstanding the excessive heat of the past week, causing the failure of the Southern mail last evening, our team of ponics have again come through with New Orleans papers in six days from that city. The mail having failed last night from Mobile and New Orleans, our dates from the latter city are forty-eight hours in advance of every other mode of conveyance. We extract the following interesting intelligence from a slip issued by the New Orleans Picayune.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP McKIM.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP McKIM The steamship McKim arrived at New Orleans on Sunday afternoon, the 11th instant, in charge of her first officer; Captain Pilsbury having died on the passage, of yellow fever.

The McKim left Vera Cruz on the 3d instant.

There had been nothing later received from the-city of Mexico than was brought down the night of the 1st instant, but fuller accounts had trans-pired at Vera Cruz than were received by the Alabama.

We have no further information of the march We have no further information of the march of Gen. Pillow. Ilad any disaster occurred to him, the news of it could scarcely have failed to reach Vera Cruz promptly. Our letters make no mention whatever of him or his command.

By this arrival we have files of papers from the city of Mexico to the 29th inst., inclusive. In the Diario del Gobierno, of the 26th June, appeared an important diplomatic correspondence.

The first note is from the Mexican Minister of Poreign Affairs to the secretarion. Foreign Affairs to the secretaries of Congress referring to that body a communication from Mr. Buchanan which announces Mr. Trist's appointment. We learn that this letter was communicated to Santa Anna by or through the British minister at Mexico, Mr. Bankhead, who has exerted himself to bring about a negotiation for peace

between the two nations.

Mr. Buchanan's letter is dated April 15th. It acknowledges the receipt of the Mexican Minister's letter of the 22d February, declining to accede to our proposition to send commissioners to Jalapa, Havana, or other point before the blockade of the Mexican ports should be raised and the Mexican perts should be raised and the Mexican territory evacuated by our troops.

Mr. Buchanan writes that the President holds

Mr. Buchanan writes that the President holds such a condition absolutely inadmissible—neither demanded by national honor nor sanctioned by the practice of nations. He urges that such a preliminary condition would reuder wars interminable, especially between contiguous nations, unless by the complete submission of one of the belligargues.

pelligerents.

He shows how peurile a course it would be for a nation which had sacrificed men and money to gain a foothold in an enemy's country, to abandon all the advantages it had won, and withdraw its forces in order to induce negotiations, without any certainty or security that peace would ensue from such negotiations. He then cites the case of our last war with Great Britain to show that of our last war with Great Britain to show that we never considered for a moment that our nation required us to insist upon the withdrawal of British troops before consenting to treat for peace.—We sent commissioners to Ghent when portions of our territory were in the possession of British troops; and it was notorious that while negotiations were going on at Ghent, hostilities were carried on upon both sides with unwonted wigor; the most membrable actions of the war, taking the most memorable actions of the war taking place after negotiations had been concluded.— Such a preliminary condition to negotiation can-not be cited in modern times; at least, Mr. Buch-

anan knows of none.

He then exposes the unusual conduct of Mexico under another aspect. The President, in his desire to avoid the war, had sent a Minister to negotiate a peace. Even after the war had commenced, by the attack of the Mexican troops upon Gan Tauler, the President had reiterated process. Gen. Taylor, the President had reiterated propositions with a view to opening negotiations which should put an end to hostilities. He had declared to the world that he would exact no conditions that were not honorable to both parties; and yet the Mexican Government had refused to receive he Minister sent to her, and after declining to the Minister sent to her, and after declining to accede to the opening of negotiations, Mexico had never made known upon what basis she would consent to a settlement of the differences between the two Republics. There will never be a termination of hostilities, Mr. Buchanan proceeds, if Mexico continues to disregard the overtures which have been proffered, and which tend to the re-establishment of peace.

The President will not, therefore, make further overtures for the opening of pegotiations until he

The President will not therefore, make further overtures for the opening of negotiations until he is a reason to believe that such will be accepted by the Mexican Government; but nevertheless, such is his desire for peace, that the evils of the war shall not be prolonged one day later than the Mexican Government makes it absolutely necessary. Accordingly, to carry his determination into effect, he has sent, in the quality of Commissioner, to the headquarters of the army in Mexico, Mr. N. P. Trist, first clerk in the State Department, with full powers to conclude a definite ment, with full powers to concinue a definite treaty of peace with the United Mexican States. Mr. Trist is recommended as possessing the full confidence of the President, and worthy of that of the Mexican Government.

In conclusion, Mr. Buchanan forbears from

commenting upon the closing passage of the last letter from the Mexican minister, last it should give to his present note a less conciliatory character than he desires for it. He recurs with pleater han he desires for it. He recurs with plea-sure to another passage in the same letter, where-in is expressed the pain with which the Mexican government has seen altered the cordial friend-ship which it had cultivated with this republic, the continued advancement of which it had al-ways admired, and whose institutions had served ways admired, and whose institutions had served as a model of its own. Such sentiments, con-tinues Mr. Buchanan, the President deeply feels; his strongest desires are that the United Mexican States, under such institutions as prevail with us, maybrotect and secure the liberty of their citi-zens, and maintain an elevated position among the nations of the earth.

the nations of the earth.

Such is an outline of Mr. Buchanan's letter of April 15th. We have not translated it, as the original will no doubt at once be made public.—
There is no indication in it of the basis upon which Mr. Trist is authorised to conclude a treaty."
This letter the Mexican Minister acknowledges.

ANOTHER FIGHT AT TABASCO.

I ttelligence, Gc.

We learn from the Mobile Register and Journal, of the 13th inst., that the U. S. brig Washington, Lient. Com. S. P. Lee, eight days from Anton Lizardo, arrived off Mobile Point on the 12th inst., bound for Pensacola. Lieut: Rogers, of the navy, bearer of despatches to Washington, was placed on board a pilot boat out side the bar and reached Mobile on the 12th inst.

The Register is indebted to Lieut. Rogers, for the information that on the morning before the Washington sailed, the steamer Vixen arrived from Tabasco, bringing intelligence that shortly after Com. Perry left Tabasco, Commander Bigelow, who had been left in charge of that post, went out about six miles from the town and attacked and put to route a largely superior force of the

low, who had been left in charge of that post, went out about six miles from the town and attacked and put to route a largely superior force of the Mexicans, with the loss of 2 killed and some 6 or 8 wounded. The Mexican loss not ascertained. Lt. Rogers understood that the Mexicans were commanded by Col. Garcie, and that they numbered some five or six hundred.

Com. Bigelow's command consisted of some three hundred sailors and marines. Commodore Perry was preparing to sail for Tabasco. Nothing later had been heard from Gen. Scott, and there was no news at Vera Cruz. The Raritan and the Potomac, the former from Tabasco and the latter from Vera Cruz had sailed for Norfolk.

There were lying at Anton Lizardo the steamships Mississippi and Vixen, and the ships Albany, Germantown, John Adams and Decatur. The health of the squadron was good. The Washington left Lizardo on the evening of the 4th inst.

On the night of the 2d July, about 10 o'clock, shortly after the officers and crew of the Mississippi had turned in, an alarm was heard from the engine room, from one of the engineers, calling earnestly to the firemen to bring buckets of water. The order had shortly before been given to have steam at daylight, and the fires had just been kindled. Suoke was at the same time seen to rise from the neighborhood of the steam chimney, and a smell of burning pine wood was perceptible throughout the ship.

For two or three hours the whole crew of the

hroughout the ship.

For two or three hours the whole crew of the For two or three hours the whole crew of the vessel was occupied in endeavoring to find where the fire was located, every part of the vessel being filled with smoke. The smoke was found at last to issue from two of the coal bunks, the contents of which had been fired by epontaneous combus

At one time the heat and smoke in the engine At one time the near and smoke in the engine room were perceptibly increasing, in defiance of the efforts made to arrest the progress of the fire, which was expected every moment to break out in flames still more unconquerable. Yet in this ship, loaded with powder and shells filled and fu-

FUGITIVE SLAVES IN PENN-

The Constitution of the United States, (Art. 19 Sect. 2, 3d clause,) provides that

"No person held to service or labor in one State under the laws thereof, escaping into another shall, in conse-quence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service of labor may be due."

The following, however, is the law of the Pennsylvania Legislature of last session :

sylvania Legislature of last session:

Sect. 1. Be it enaced by the Senate and House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, That if any person or persons shall, from and after the passage of this Act, by force or violence, take and carry away, or cause to be taken and carried away, and shall by fraud or false pretence entice, or cause to be enticed, or shall attempt so to take, carry or entice any free negro or mulatto, from any part or parts of this Commonwealth, to any place or places whatsoever out of this Commonwealth with a design and intention of selling and disposing of, or causing to be sold or disposed of, or of keeping and detaining, or of causing to be kept or detained, any free negro or mulatto as a servant or slave for life or for any term whatever, every such person or persons, his and their aiders and abettors, shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, having competent jurisdiction, shall be sentenced to pay, at the discretion of the court passing the sentence, any sum not less than five hundred nor more than two thousand dollars; one half whereof shall be paid to the person or persons prosecuting the same and the other half to the Commonwealth; and, moreover, shall be sentenced to undergo a punishment in the proper penitentiary, for a period not less than five nor exceeding twelve years; and on conviction of the second offence of the kind, the person so offending, shall be sentenced to pay a like fine, and undergo a punishment, by solitary confinement in the penitentiary for twenty-one years.

Sect. 2. That if any person or persons shall hereafter knowingly sell, transfer or assign, or SECT. 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE SENATE AND Sect. 2. That if any person or persons shall hereafter knowingly sell, transfer or assign, or shall knowingly purchase, take a transfer or assignment of any tree negro or mulatto for the pur. signment of any free negro or mulato for the pur-pose of fraudulently removing, exporting, or car-rying such free negro or mulatto out of this State, with the design or intent by fraud or false pre-tences, of making him or her a slave for life, or for any term whatsoever, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor,

&c. [penalty as in section 1st.]
SECT. 3. That no Judge of any of the Courts of SECT. 3. That no Judge of any of the Courts of this Commonwealth, nor any Alderman or Justice of the Peace of said Commonwealth, shall have jurisdiction, or take cognizance of the case of any fugitive from labor, from any of the United States or Territories, under a certain Act of Congress, passed on the 12th day of February, 1793, entitled "An Act respecting fugitives from justice and persons escaping from the service of their masters"; nor shall any such Judge, Alderman, or Justice of the Peace issue or grant any certificate or warrant of removal of any fugitive from labor, under the said act of Congress, or under any other law, authority or act of the Congress of the United States; and if any Alderman or Justice of this Commonwealth, shall take cognizance or jurisdiction of the case of any such fugitive, or shall grant or issue any certificate or warrant of removal as

This letter the Mexican Minister acknowledges on the 22d of April, saying that the President had instructed him to reply that the whole subject matter of it had been expressly reserved by the evereign Congress of the nation for its own control, and that the latter would be at once transmitted to it for its action.

We learn by the Mexican papers that Congress was at once convend to take the matter into consideration, but up to the 29th of June no quorum had been procured.

By a letter from a source entitled to great respect, we further learn that Gen. Scott gave the Mexican government till the 30th ult., to act upon the letter, when if nothing should be done, he would march in.

The best opinion in Mexico, in our judgment, we have had an opportunity of learning by this arrival. That opinion gives but poor encouragement for peace, but does not entirely despair.—Other gentlemen, with very ample opportunities for judging, write from the city of Mexico, that there is no hope of a settlement of the difficulties; that the Mexicans have not yet been sufficiently whipped; and that Gen. Scott will have to march into the city of Mexico. None of the letters we have seen mention anything about the number or position of the Mexican troops.

Commonwealth, shall be contended to pay, after deficiently and the professor Lyell, on the structure of the difficulties; that the Mexicans have not yet been sufficiently whipped; and that Gen. Scott will have to march into the city of Mexico. None of the letters we have seen mention anything about the number or position of the Mining Journal, we find an account of a memoir read before the Geological Society, London, by Professor Lyell, on the structure of the very many professor Lyell, on the structure of the coal-field of the James River, near Richmond, Va., by which it appears that it is 20 miles by 4 to 12 in size, with rich seams of bituminous coal, one of 30 to 40 feet thick. The coal yields abundance of gas, used for lighting the streets of New York and Philadelphia; and Professor

tion, shall, on conviction thereof pay a fine of five hundred dollars; one half thereof to the use of the Commonwealth; and the other half to the person who prosecutes; and shall, moreover, thenceforth be removed from office, &c.

SECT. 7. That so much of the Act, of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act for the gradual abolition of Slavery," passed the first day of March 1780, as authorises the masters or owners of slaves to bring and retain such slaves within this Commonwealth for the period of six months, in involuntary servitude, or for any period of time whatever, and so much of said Act as provents a slave from giving testimony against any person whatsoever, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SECT. 8. That the Act passed March 25, 1826, and all laws of this Commonwealth, which are hereby altered, be and the same are hereby repealed.

JAMES COOPER,

Speaker of the Ho. of Rep's.

CH. GIBBONS,

Speaker of the Senate.

Approved March 3, 1847. FRS. R. SHUNK.

RECRUITING.—We learn, from the Norfolk

RECRUITING .- We learn, from the Norfoll Courier, that Lieut. Edmund Bradford, of the 4th artillery, is now at Old Point, where he has opened an office for the purpose of recruiting 1,000 men, to fill up the four regiments of artillery, now in Mexico. Twelve dollars bounty is offered to

each recruit. A Correspondent of the National Intelligencer suggests the project of a railroad between Washington and Fredericksburg—the aqueduct at Georgetown to be the base ror a railroad bridge across the Potomac. The datance would be about 80 miles, and the writer supposes that the mail could then be carried from Washington to New Ockerna in five days.

There are 27,000 Daughters of Temperance, n the United States.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET-*Correspondence of the Spirit of Jefferson.

Baltimore, Wednesday Morning,
July 21, 1847.

Correspondence of the Spirit of Jefferson.

Baltinorr, Wednesday Hornino, July 21, 1847.

Dear Sir :—Since my last letter the Flour market has been under some excitement, but without any very great change. On Wednesday Howard at, fresh ground flour was sold at \$5 50; June and July inspections at 5 25, 5 37; and a lot at \$5 434. For fresh ground Western \$5. Up to Saturday morning no material change fook place: since then operations have been suspended up to the present moment, with a slight exception, in consequence of the decline to \$28 hillings in Liverpool, brought out by the steamer Britannia, whose news was telegraphed here by 12 o'clock on that day. On Monday about 1500 bbls. City Mills Flour sold at \$5 50; fresh ground Howard at, flour held at \$5 50 without sales—\$5 offered. Western flour \$4.75 without sales.

Our receipts of flour last week amounted to 10,000 bbls, nearly all Western. Our exports were 9,821 bbls.

I look for prices to rally slightly, as no good Howard street is in market, and the demand is increasing for the West India trade and for Rio.

GRAIN—Wheat is worth 1 to \$1 10, as in quality—very little in market; Corn 65 cts for prime, and scarce, GATTLE—Improving—I quote at 2 to \$4 per 100 lbs. IIOGS—A bo improving—I leve 6 50 to \$6 75.

BACON—Without change. Lard 91 to 10 cts.

WIIISKEY—23 cts; held at 24 a 25.

WOOL—None in market.

I think it would be much to the interest of the Millers and Farmers if they would not grind their old Wheat, but mix the old and new together, as there is a decided inclination now to raise the standard, and flour has been reduced to fine within the last few days, which four weeks or two monties back, would have passed as superfine; besides, a comparison most unfavorable is now instituted by the buyer, of old and new flour, which always results to the dis-advantage of the old. "A word to the whee is sufficient."

Yours, truly,

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun. NEW YORK, July 20, 6 P. M.

New York, July 20, 6 P. M.
The Flour market is getting settled, though there has not been much activity to-day. The sales are only to the extent of 2000 barrels, at 5 a \$5.25.
There has been considerable activity in Corn, the sales amounting to 25,000 bushels, at prices ranging, according to quality, at 52 a 61 cents per bushel.

Rye continues dull, and in but poor demand. A sale of 2000 bushels was made at 78 cents.

MARRIED.

On the 11th inst, by the Rev. James Chrisholm, Mr. Geonge Ridenous to Miss Rosa and Mansfeld, all of Berkeley county.

On the 15th instant, in St. Peter's church, by the Rev. Mr. McColgan, Peter Dativ. of Philadelphia, to Miss Mary A. E. Little, of Jefferson, Frederick county, Md.

DIED.

In this town, on the 15th instant, ANN RESECCA, daughter of John and Sarah A. Avis, aged one year, one month and eighteen days.

In Martineburg on the 1st inst. Miss NANCY ISABRILLA CUNNINGHAM, youngest daughter of William Cunningham, Sr., aged 21 years and 4 months.

On the 14th inst., in his 55th year, after a severe illness of seven weeks. Bugundon TAALOR, 18cq., of Winchester. long and favorably known as the Proprietor of Taylor's Hotel. In the demise of Mr. Taylor, his family and household have sustained a leas the ties of affection will keenly feel, and our community have been deprived of a gentleman and citizen, whose urbane deportment and ennobling traits of character have won for him an extended circle of endearter friends, and whose spirit of enterprise gave a happy influence to the business routine

I life.

The deceased was a member of the I. O. O. F., which cociety, together with a large concourse of citizens, followed him to his last resting place.—WINGHESTER REF.

Society, Logether with a large concourse of citizens, followed him to his last resting place.—Wincingsters Ref.

On the 6th inst., Mrs. ELIZABETH LINN, consert of the late Daniel Linn, of Frederick county, in the 63d year of her age.

In Winchester on the 12th inst. Edward Beard, infant son of John W. and Susan Ellen Slagle, aged 5 months and 21 days.

On Saturday night the 10th inst. Mrs. Catharine Glass, wife of Mr. Thomas Glass, in the 40th year of her age.

On Wednesday morning last, at the residence of John Kealhofer, in Hagerstown, Miss Laura Ann Waugh, in the 19th year of her age.

On the 21st of May last, ELLEN, infant daughter of Garland M. and Lucinda M. Builer, of this county—one of an interesting pair of twin-daughters.

In Gerardstown, on Saturday night, the 19th inst, Mary Alexens, infant daughter of Dr. Thos. S. and Hannah C. Page, aged 2 months and 13 days.

At Bath. Morgan Co., Va., on the 10th inst., Mrs. Dr.

At Bath, Morgan Co., Va., on the 10th inst., Mrs. Dr.

Miscellancous Notices.

The Rev. Mr. Hanns will preach in the Presbyt-rian hereh in Charlestown, on Sunday morning next, at 11 clock, A. M. July 23, 1817. BOT The Rev. JOSEPH T. MASSEY will preach at Zoar, he Fourth Sunday in this month, being the 25th at 11 clock.

o'clock.

3rd A Camp Meeting for Loudoun Circuit will be held upon the land of Mr. Jonan Tayennea, two miles north of Middleburg, Va., commencing the 20th of August next. SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

Or We are requested to say that ROBERT W. BAY-OR, Esq., will receive the support of the voters of the Oth District, as a candidate for School Commissioner.

Mr. Editor:—You will please announce Maj. A. J. PBannon as a candidate for School Commissioner in the 20th District. Maj. OB. possesses every qualification regulate to make a good Commissioner. Mr. Editor:—You are authorized to announce Geo W. Sappington, Sen., as a candidate for the office of School Commissioner in the 20th district, and also With H. Thompson as a candidate for the 19th district. A Faiend to Education.

We are requested to announce Mr. Davin Fay as a andidate for School Commissioner in District No. 11.

Mr. A. R. BOYELER will be supported as a School ommissioner for the District in which he resides.

The election for a School Commissioner in District No., will be held at Shepherd's School House. TO THE EDITOR OF THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON, DEAR SIR:—I observe that my name has been suggested for the office of School Commissioner.

I entertain a deep feeling and ardent desire for a general diffusion of education, believing it to be the true source of individual, social and political well-being, and am graiffed that I should have been regarded as qualified for, and worthy of, so important a trust, but my purpose is as far as possible to preserve an undivided attention to my profession. I therefore find myself required to withdraw my name from public consideration in any other contextor.

Respectfully, yours.

From the Boston Mercantile Journal, Jan. 1845

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
There are so many "cortain qures" for congla, colds and even consumptions, that we are sometimes disposed a question the efficacy of any of them. Mr. S. W. Fowle, through the effect of the highest reputation, at 131 Washingtons, has the agency of an article called Halsam of Wild Cherry, which seems to have won for itself a good reputation wherever it has been introduced. We have seen eiters from various parts of New England, from persons of the highest standing in the places where they reside, pearing testimony to the benefit themselves or friends had eccived from a trial off its properties.

A gentleman of unquestions ble varacity informs us that its bruther had been confined to his bad for weeks with ome species of cough that baffled the skill of neveral minent physicians, and by the use of two bottles of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, so has been restored to perfect health, and he is now "n at and hearty man."

Yours, respectfully, ROSSER & ANDERSON, Druggists.

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS, on the wrap DT A fresh supply of the above Balsam, on hand and or sale by J. II. BEARD, Charlestown.

EXECUTOR'S SALE. WILL be sold, at public sale, at the late residence of George H. Riley, dec'd, on Tuesday the 10th day of August next, all the personal property belonging to said estate, including the Servants.

6 or 7 head of Work Horses,
12 head of Cattle, about half of them finb Milch Cows, 20 to 25 Hogs,
25 to 30 head of Slieen.

25 to 30 head of Slicen, 2 Wagons, 1 Cart, 1 Wheat Fan, Wagon Gears, Farming Utensils, &c. Also

Household & Kitchen Furniture. Also-About 5 or 6 hundred bushels Wheat,

Also—About 5 or 6 hundred bushels Wheat,
60 or 70 bushels Ryo,
30 or 40 bushels old Corn,
The CROP of CORN now growing, by the acre.
Three likely NEGRO MEN,
One Negro BOY, fourteen or fifteen years of age,
One Woman and two Children,
One Girl about 17 years of age.

Terms of Sale.—A credit of 9 months will be given on all sums of \$5 and upwards, bond and approved security being required—except the negroes, who will be sold on a credit of six months—and the Wheat, Rye and Corn, which will be sold for cash. The will of the deceased directs that the sale of the servants be confined to purchasers intending to keep them for their own use, in this, or the adjoining counties. They are likely servants, and all sustain good characters.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

W. O. McCOUGHTRY, Ex'r.
July 23, 1847.

PUBLIC BARBECUE. HROUGH solicitation, the undersigned pro

THROUGH solicitation, the undersigned propose making a Barbecue in a grave near Snickersville, Loudoun county, Va., on THURS-DAY, August 5th, 1847. Their Table will be amply supplied with the best assortment of Estables this region can afford.

In addition to this, an Oration will be delivered by a distinguished speaker, and a floor prepared for those who wish to participate in the innocent amusement of Dancing. Having procured the services of Golding's Band, from the White Sulphur Springs, ladies and gentlemen will be accommodated with music to suit the various styles of dancing.

dancing.

The Oration will be delivered at 11 o'clock —
Dancing to commence at 12, M., and dinner at 1 o'clock, P. M. o'clock, P. M.

As the preparation will be large, and made at great outlay, in order to guard against inclement weather, in case the day should prove unfavorable, it will take place the next fair day up to Sa-

turday the 7th.

The public are respectfully invited to attend, as no pains or expense will be spared to render the meeting agreeable and interesting.

Suitable managers will be appointed to preserve the strictest order and decorum.

A. M. MOORE,

R. MARSHALL.

Saiskersville July 23 1841. urday the 7th.

Snickersville, July 23, 1847. MASONIC.

THE interesting ceremony of laying the Corner Stone of the Episcopal Church about to be erected in our village, will take place on SATURDAY the 31st of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to be performed under the direction of Malta Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, according to the ancient rites of the Order. We cordially invite all neighboring Lodges, as well as all brethren in good and regular standing, to be present on the occasion.

the occasion.

A. J. O'BANNON, Master.
J. R. A. REDMAN, S. W.
G. W. SAPPINGTON, J. W. J. J. II. STRAITH, Sec'y.

them at an early day. Those who owe for three or four years back, need expect no further indulgence, as it cannot nor will not be given. If you wish to save trouble, therefore, pay up at once.

ROBERT LUCAS, D. S. July 23, 1847—3t.

Trustee's Notice.

A LI accounts contracted with John II. Beard, A and with John H. Beard & Co., since the 1st of January, 1845, are now ready for settlement. The time of sixty days from the first of August next will be given on all accounts over two dollars, if closed by note. If the accounts are not paid, or closed by note, by the 10th of August next, they, as well as all notes due and unpaid at that time, will be placed in a course of collection by law.

J. GREGG GIBSON & A. J. O'BANNON.

July 23. 1847—3t.

July 23, 1847-3t.

to the Farmers of Jefferson and Berkeley Counties.

AVING taken possessión of the Opequon Mill and given the same a thorough repairing, I am now prepared to receive Grain, for which I will at all times pay the market price, or grind upon liberal terms. Having made a change in the Bolting machinery and added an extra Cloth, I am prepared to furnish a prime article of Family Flour.

Tamily Flour.
The Saw Mill being in good repair, all Sawing will be promptly attended to on moderate terms.

JAS. C. WHITEHILL.
July 23, 1847.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing be-tween Wm. G. Shipley & Wm. H. Cronise, rading under the firm of Wm. G. Shipley & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent. Wm. H. Cronise having sold out his entire interest to Wm. G. Shipley, the business will be continued by him. and on his gays account. Vm. G. Shipley, the business will be continued by him, and on his own account.

Duffield's Depot, Va., July (19.) 23, 1847.

Fresh Groceries. WE have just received a large and general sup ply of superior Groceries, consisting as fol

v ply of superior Groceries, consisting as follows:
Superior Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee;
Extra supr. G. P. Imperial, Y. H. and Black Teas;
New Orleans and Sugar House Molasses;
Pine Apple and English Cheese;
Soda, Water and Butter Crackers;
Maccarcai and Bioter

Maccaroni and Rice; Baker's Broma and Chockolate; Mould, Dip, Sperm and Adamantine Candies; Pepper, Allspics, Ginger, Salaratus, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Long Pepper, Race Ginger and

Mace, Cloves, Long Type.
Fresh Hops:
Fresh Hops:
Strong Cider Vinegar, also Course and Fine Salt.
Together with almost every thing in this line,
required by housekeepers, all of which will be sold
low by MILLER & BROTHER. required by houseke low by July 23, 1747.

NAILS 30 kega just received and for sale. TilOS. RAWLINS.

DAGUERREOTYPE MINIATURES.

DAGUERRECTYPE MINIATURES.

R. JOSEPH REINHART, Daguerrotypist, is now in Shepherdstown, and expects to remain for a short time, and is prepared to take correct likenesses of family groups, single faces, dead persons, and copy Scenery and Portraits, in a style unsurpassed by any other Artist in the country, on superior Plates, gilded and colored to nature, and put up in beautiful cases at reasonable prices. Call and examine his specimens, among which may be seen two life-like pictures—one of the Hon, Daniel Webster, and another of the celebrated Capt. Walker, who figured so conspicuously in the late battles of Palo Alto, Reseace de la Palma, &c., which were taken by Mr. Reinhart during the late visit of these celebrated gentlemen to Philadelphia. Elderly persons and invalids, by sending word to Mr. R's Room, will be waited upon at their residences.

E. Pictures warranted to give satisfaction.

Mr. R. may be found at his Room from 8 o'clock

A. M., until sundown.

Instructions in Daguerreotyping given at reasonable prices.

Ellechered town. Late 23, 1817—44.

onable prices. Shepherdstown, July 23, 1847—4t.

TEMPERANCE.

TEMPERANCE.

TBILE members of St. Thomas Division No. 7
Sons of Temperance, will celebrate their Anniversary, (August 12th.) by Dedicating their, Hall, by a Procession and other appropriate ceremonies. J. B. Gough and other alse champions of the cause, have been invited and are expected to be in attendance. Neighboring Divisions and all Brothers of the Order are cordially invited to be with us on that day. Ample provision will be made to accommodate all who may favor us with their presence.

A. J. WRIGHT,

their presence.

A. J. WRIGHT,
G. B. STEPHENSON,
JOS. II, RUSSELL,
PETER JONES,
WM. EARL,

Harpers-Ferry, July 23, 1847.



WILDEY LODGE, No. 11. having been invited to attend and participate in the ceremony of laying the Corner Stone of the Episcopal Church, in Charlestown, on Saturday the 31st inst., extend a cordial invitation to all sister Lodges and brethren in good standing to be present on that occasion.

sent on that occasion.

GEORGE I. STEWART, N. G.
GEORGE W. RANSON, V. G.
GEORGE W. TAYLOR, Sec'y.

July 23, 1847.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

DURSUANT to the last Will and Testamen of Albright Gruber, deceased, will be sold, on FRIDAY the 6th day of August next, at the residence of Adam Gruber, in this county, the personal property belonging to said Estate, consisting in part as follows:

Hay by the ton; One Barouche and Harness;

One Ten-plate Stove and Pipe; Three Cupboards and contents; Three Feather Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding;

Three Feather Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding;
One Bureau, Tables, Chairs, &c.;
Two Copper Kettles, (large and small,) together
with a great variety of other Household and Kitchen Furniture, not necessary to mention.
Terms:—A credit of six months will be given
on all sums above \$5, the purchaser giving bond
and approved security; on all sums of \$5 and under the cash will be required.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
JOHN GRUBER, Sr., Ex'r.
July 16, 1847.

The Best Offer yet Made.

Life Size Portrait of General Za chary Taylor, 28 inches wide by 30 inches long, Colored,

W 11.1, be given as a premium to any person forwarding \$3 in advance for one year's subscription to Godey's Lady's Book—or any person in arrears for one or more years, by forwarding the money due and one year in advance, will also be entitled to a copy. The only correct Likeness of Gen. Taylor ever given to the American Public.

L. A. GODEY, Philadelphia. July 23, 1847.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE. July 23, 1847.

TAX NOTICE.

THE Taxes for the year 1847 are now due, and those indebted are expected to meet inst., most cordially invite all the neighboring

JOHN H. SHEETZ,
WM. P. HENSON,
ABRAHAM VANHORN,
JAS. W. JONES,
J. A. KEADLE,

July 23, 1847.

THE AMERICAN FARMER.

THE AMERICAN FARMER,

And Spirit of the Agricultural Journals of the Day.

A new volume of this old and popular agricultural work, commenced on the list of July. It is published on the first of every month, each No. containing 33 large octave pages, at \$1 per annum—6 copies. For \$65—13 copies for \$10.

The American Farmer has now been in existence since 1819, and was the first periodical ever-published in the United States, devoted exclusively to the interests of the cultivators of the soil—many similar works have since spring into existence, and have passed away, whilst the FIONER in this good cause has steadily, pursued its way, and in its ripe old age, evinces all the freshness and vigor of youth. The publisher feels conscious, that his numerous patrons will bear him out in this assertion, that at no stage of its existence has his journal been received with more favor than at the present time. Gentlemen of the highest standing, and eminent for their zeal and devotion to their time-lumored calling who have been subscribers to the work since its first appearance to the present time (and we have a number of them still on our list,) have but recently borne testimony to the fact, that it is not excelled in point of practical utility by any of the numerous journals with which our country now abounds. Whilst these assurances are flattering to our pride, they will serve as a stimulus to future exertions. All communications to be addressed to SAMUEL SANUS,

Publisher American Farmer,
132 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.

New Goods.

JUST received, a large lot of New Goods:

Unbleached and Bleached Cottons,

Super Bleached Drillings,
Checks, Crash, Bed Tick, 7:8 Oanaburgs,
Spool cotton, Sewings, Thread, Colored Cambrics
Suspenders, hooks and eyes, bl'k mantua ribbon
One piace yers, superior, Gauge, Flancel, for One piece very superior Gauze Flannel, for summer wear, with many other articles to fill upwhich makes our assortment very complete for the season. All of which we offer cheap.

July 16, 1817. MILLER & BRO.

Agus and Fever Permanently Cured in 48 Hours.

Call oppposite Abell's flotel, at the sign Conrad & Bro., and buy a box of Dr. G. Graham's Vegetable Specific Pills, which are warranted to cure the Ague and Fever, or the money will be returned.

Mind, the only place at which the genuine article can be had in Harpers-Ferry, is af CONRAD & BRO'S.

July 16, 1847.

Cameo and Letva Breast Pins.
WE have just recived a large assortment of
Cameo and Leva Breast Pins, plain gold
Ear Rings, Gentlemen's Bosom Buttons, and
many other articles in our line, which we are prepared to sell at reduced prices.
July 9. C. G. STEWART & SON.

PLASTERING LATHS—For sale by July 2. THOS, RAWLINS. BAGS-Ready-made Cotton Bags for sale b July 23. CRANE & SADLER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE, OF A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND IN Jefferson County, Va.

THE undersigned will soll, to the highest bidder, on FRIDAY the 13th day of August nact, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, that

Very Desirable Farm, belonging to the estate of the late Confrad Hill-myer, dec'd, lying on the Martinsburg f.ad, two and a half miles West of Shepherdstown, con-taining

188 ACRES

of first-rate land, in a high state of cultivation, with a fair proportion of Timber, and a thrifty young Orchard of choice Fruit. The improve-

WILL be sold at public sale, before the Courthouse door, in the town of Bath, Morgan county, Va., on MONDAY the 23d day of August next, (if not previously sold at private sale,) the Farm belonging to the heirs of the late Isaac Dawson, dec'd, lying in Morgan county, Va., on Big Cacapon creek, one mile from its mouth, four miles West of Bath, one mile from the Baltimore and Ohie Railscand at Brance's Depart and one mile and Ohio Railroad at Bruce's Depot, and one mile and a quarter from the Chesapeake and Ohio Ca-nal at Dam No. 6. This farm contains

216 Acres of Good Land, one hundred Acres of which is cleared and in a one hundred Acres of which is cleared and in a fine state of cultivation, a large portion of it being creek bottom; the balance is covered with thriving Timber. The improvements consist of a large and convenient LOG DWELLING, with a good cellar, a new Barn, and other life aut-buildings. There is a never isling Spring of good water near the House, and two App'e Orchards and a Peach Orchard on the Farm.

To Capitalists this is a very desirable farm—being immediately on the Creek, it has the advantages of extensive water power, and is well suit-larges of extensive water power.

The Hagerstown Mail and Carlisle States-man will insert ts. and send bill and one copy of paper to advertiser.

PUBLIC SALE

Of Valuable Tween Property in Berryville, Clarke County, Va.

By virtue of two deeds of trust, (which are of record in Clarke County Court,) executed by Thomas W. Reynolds and wife, to the subscriber as trustee, for the benefit of the parties named therein, will be sold, an Monday the 26th day of July, 1847, on the premises in Berryville, that well known and valuable Tavern property now owned and occupied by said Raynolds. The improvements consist of a large TAVERN HOUSE, with all the necessary out buildings, including a fine Stable and Sheds, two acres of Land, a part of which is a fine garden, affording enough of vegetables for the ordinary use of the house, and a fine well of water in the yard, having a pump in it. PUBLIC SALE

surrounded by a rich neighborhood, which at all times affords an adbundant and cheap supply of marketing of all kinds; it is without a rival, 10 miles from the town of Winchester, 12 from Charlestown, in Jefferson county, with both of which places there is a great deal of intercourse, and it is about 60 miles from the cities of Washington and Alexandria. A good turnpike road leading from Winchester to the District cities passes through the town; a tri-weekly line of four horse stages, run through in a day to Washing-

passes through the town; a tri-weekly line of four horse stages, run through in a day to Washing-ton. There is also a public road leading from the counties of Jefferson and Berkeley to the counties of the Blue Ridge, from which a good transient custom is derived.

The House has heretofore been well sustained; it has generally had from 15 to 20 permanent boaders, a good transient custom, and a generous support from the neighborhood, which may be much increased if the fouse is well kept.

Terms of sale most accommodating—for \$1,000 of the purchase maney a credit of about six years will be given, the purchaser executing his bonds conditioned for the payment of the annual interest in the meantine, and an insurance on the house, to be secured by deed of trust on the premises; the residue of the purchase money, with the exception of one or two hundred dollars may be accommadated, which will be made known on the day of raile. The subscriber knows, that the title to the property is unquestoned, but selling as day of sace. He subsectioned, but selling as truste: will of course only convey such title as is in him.

P. McCORMICK, Trustee.
July 16, 1817.

The sale advertised above is made with my con-

sent and my friends and others are invited to attend the sale. THOS: W. REYNOLDS.

At the time of the above sale the personal property of Thomas W. Reynolds, including all the Tavern Furniture will be sold by me.

July 16. W. P. WIGGINTON, D. S.

Grand Jabilee of the Sons of Temperance.

Temperance.

The Grand Division of the State of Virginia will meet in Winchester, on Wednesday the 21st, and on Saturday the 21st instant, Good Sa. Maritan Division, No 24, will Dedicate the new and beautiful Temple of the Division to the glorious cause in which we are engaged, by a grand procession and other imposing ceremonies, at which time Addresses will be delivered by several distinguished members of the Order.

A Banner will be presented by the Ladies, and its reception acknowledged on the part of the Division, by Brother Wm. F. Stornew.

Brethren of neighboring Divisions are most carneally and cordially invited to participate with us in the ceremonies of the day.

J. T. Moore, F. R. Milton,
Jos. Tidball, Alvred Shale,
C. A. B. Coffborth, Charles Barley,
R. J. Graham, Committee.

Winchester, July 16, 1847.

COAL—Smith's Coal—a supply hist received.
July 16. WM. R. SEEVERS. B LANKS, OF ALL KINDS, FOR SALE LIME FOR SALE.

July 16, 1847.

NOTICE:

A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Shannandoah and Harpers-Ferry Bridge Company will be held at their Office on the first day of August next. All the Stockholders are requested to attend, as business of importance will be transacted. By order of the President, GEORGE MAUZY, Sec. y. Harpers-Ferry, June 25, 1847.

CHRISTOPHER THOMAS:

with a fair proportion of Thimber, and a thrifty young Orchard of choice Fruit. The improvements consist of a very large and conditioned in the consist of the consist of a very large and conditioned in the consist of a very large and conditioned in the consist of a very large and conditioned in the consist of a very large and conditioned in the consist of the consist of

Warehouse of Prints Only.

being immediately on the Creek, it has the advantages of extensive water power, and is well suited to the purposes of building Factories, Mills, or any kind of Machinery.

Persons desirous of purchashing at private sale, or who wish to view the premises, will please call on George H. Hieronemous, near Pughtown, Frederick county, or the undersigned, on the premises.

Terms of Sale:—One-third of the purchase money in hand and the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from date.

WM. G. CATLETT.

Bath, Morgan co., Va., July 16, 1847.

To The Hagerstown Mail and Carlisle States-

To Farmers.
WHEAT, Rye, Oats and Corn taken in exchange for Goods, or the lighest market
price paid in cash, by W. R. SEEVERS.
Summit Point, July 16, 1847.

Turnpike Notice

with all the necessary out buildings, including a fine Stable and Sheds, two acres of Land, a part of which is a fine garden, affording enough of vegetables for the ordinary use of the house, and so fine well of water in the yard, having a pump in it.

It is believed by those who know this property, and are capable of judging, that it offers unusual inducements for sale and profitable investment; it is most favorably located, at the county seat, surrounded by a rich neighborhood, which at all times affords an adbundant and cheap supply of

Ordered. That persons who are indebted to the Company, be notified and required to settle their accounts.

JOHN M. JEWETT,
Secretary and Treatures.

Manted to Parchase,

A BOUT one hundred SHEEP, weighing from shity to one hundred pounds, for which the cash will be given, delivered at Duffield's Depot. Fifty of them are wanted in one week from this time—the balance between this and the 1st of August. July 9, 1847—\$t. R. DUFFIELD.

Bacon & Whiskey. N-store and for sale low, 5,000 pounds prime country-cured Bacon, 10 barrels very superior Old Whiskey,

Bargains; Bargains!

A N unparalleled opportunity is now offered to purchase at MILLER & BROTHERS.

We have a great many Summer Goods which we have put upon our counter with the determination to sell, even at a great sacrifice, viz.

nation to sell, even at a great sacrifice, viz;
Figured Lawns for 124 cents, worth 25 cents;
Do do 184 " 25 to 31
Do do 25 " 374
Berages do 25 " 374
Do do 371 " 50
Silk Mitts, Collars, Collaretts, Gloves, &c., at great burgains, from 64 cents up;
A beautiful assortment of the latest Berage Scarfs and shawls, bought this season, at prime cost.
Also, Prints and a great variety of other goods, unnecessary to mention, which we are anxious to dispose of without regard to cost.
Now is the time, and we earnestly request all in want of great bargains to call darly at

To Contractors.

THE Smithfield, Charlestown, and Harpers Ferry Turnpike Company, wish to contract for breaking stone, in the street in Charlestown, and for the delivery of a quantity of stone on the road between Capt. James M. Brown's and Haltown.

JOHN YATES, Pres't.

June 25, 1847.

Journeymen House-Joiners

NO. 56 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK LEE, JUDSON & LEE,

CCUPY the spacious Fire Story Warehouse,
No. 56 Cedar Street,—the width of which
is devoted to the exhibition and sale of the Sing
old article of Printed Calicocs.

Their present stock consists of nearly one thous
and packages, embracing some thousands of different patterns and colorings, and comprising
everything desirable in the line, Foreign and Domestic.

year.

P. S.—B. F. LEE, formerly of the firm of Lord & Lees, and late senior partner in the original firm of Lee & Brewster, from which connection he withdrew some time ago, has resumed business with Mesers. LEE and Jupson, and assures his friends that the new concern shall have the same pre-eminence in this branch of trade, which formerly distinguished the other two houses to which he belonged.

New York, July 16, 1847.

Secretary and Treasurer Shepherdstown, July 9, 1847—8t.

R. H. HOFFMAN. Harpers-Ferry, July 9.

in want of great bargains to call early at
July 9. MILLER & BROS.

Journeymen House-Joiners
Wanted.

Wish to employ, immediately, several Journeymen House-Joiners, who are good workmen and of steady and industrious habits. To such, liberal wages and constant work will be given.

T. C. BRADLEY.

Charlestown, July 2, 1847.

WARRANTED not to contain a particle of Oil—a fine article for Dyspeptics.
July 2, 1847. E. M. AISQUITH. MANTILLA SILK, Black India do. for lining, and Black Silk Fringe and Gimp for frim-

ming, for sale by. CRANE & SADLER.

If you find that she can't darn a stocking,
If she can't make a shirt or a plot;
If she says "O, law!"—" mercy!"—how shecking;
If she sever drinks beer on the sly;
If soon of the country she's weary;
If politics e'er are her linem;
If she talks about "Herschel's nice theory,"
And "Lardner's dear book upon steam;"

If she wears leather shoes and poke bonnets. If she gums down her hair on her cheeks, If she copies out essays and sounets;
If she blushes whenever she speaks;

If she leaps a high gate on a hunter; If she sighs when she looks at the moon; If she talks about 'Carson' and 'Gunter; If she sings the least bit out of tune;

If she crosses her legs or her letters;
If you've seen her drink three cups of tea;
If she don't like your greyhounds and setter;
If she's sick when she goes on the sca;
If she seems the least bit of a scolder;
If her manners have any pretence;
If her gown does not cover her shoulder;
If her bustle is very immense;

If she's nervous, or bilious, or sickly;
If she liftes to have breakfast in bed;
If she can't take a hint from you quickly;
If her nose has the least tinge of red; If she screams when she's told she's in danger If she seems a coquette, or a flirt; f she'll Polik or gallope with a stranger; If she's stupid, or if she is pert.

if she's one of these trs, my dear Harry,
Oh, sever the chain she has bound!
That it's very unpleasant to marry,
Both Caudie and Socrates found;
A wife is a wretched invention,
And, oh, Nor a matter of course!
Shall! I have one!—that's not my intention
(Unless the girls take me by force.)

Variety.

TOBIN'S LAST. Ex-Caplain Tobin, the correspondent of the Ni. Orleans Delta, writing from Buena Vista, tells the following laughable incident:

There are many jokes here about the boys who sloped from the field; one acknowledged that he

tid some tart walking, another, that any one meeting him on the road to Saltillo, would have supposed him in search of a physician for a delicate ady, whilst two niggars, officers' servants, repudiale the idea of running away, and claim the merit of making a handsome 'treat. "I'll tell you bout it, Massa Bob," said one to his master, "Pete and me, we was down at the ranche, where the doctors was cutting off the white folks heads and legs, and says Pete to me, 'Tom,' say he, 'let's go up the hill and see the fightin';' so up we goes, and we meats de landseers and we streaks it back for de ranche and de dam landseers arter us, and Pete, he makes for the bake even, but the gemman wot deals fare for de Kentucks, he was safe scenced in the backside of de oven, and when Pete puthis head in de mouf of it de lodger swore he blow l'ete's dam brack brains out; so Pete says, ther's danger here, Tom, let's wamos for town;, and when we got half way we sees the landseers again, and then Master Bob, you ought to a seen Pete a streaking of it; his coat tail streamed away be-"But what were you doing all the time, Tom,

were you running away, too?"
"No, Massa Bob, I scorn the idea; I was only 'trotting 'long side Pete, and when we got near the fort the soldiers roared out, 'run niggers, run get into fort;' then you ought to have seen Pete a streaking on it, he roalled over and over the breast work and into the fort."

breast work and into the fort."

"And were you running, too?"

"No Sar-ree! I roalled over long-side of Pete, and when we got in they roared out, 'fall in niggers' and being firing bombs and things, and Pete says, 'if one of 'em bursts here it'll hurt us, let's the Pleas' and when we got there it. slope for the Plaza;' and when we got there it was,' fall in, niggers, fall in,' all the time. You may call that a fandango, but if you catch me at at one again, there's no snakes where this child was raised, Master Bob."

melancholy fate has caused a dredful sensashun among a large and respectable circle of acquaintances and friends. He was long and devotedly attached to a young lady, who he was gwine to be married to in a few days, and who he had called to see on that fatal evenin. It seems that the unfortunate young man had been eatin Filly-penas with the young lady of his affections a few evenins before, and the understandin was that she was to pay the forfit on sight. Well—(how often in the middle of our brightest anticipations. often in the middle of our brightest anticipations we is victims of cruel fate!)—he called in the evenin about eight o'clock, with his mouth sot for a buss. The young lady (never dreamin of the terrible event that was soon gwine to happen) was in the back room fixin some flowers in her hair, in the back room fixin some flowers in her hair, when her mother told the young gentleman that she would send her dater to him immegitly. The impatient lover heard footsteps approachim—ther was no light in the room—eager to seize the prize, he sprung to he seed to the mouth of one of the alfiredest, biggest, uglyest, blacked in liggers in Baltimere. The young lady follering close behind her servant, arriv jest in time to witness the dredful catasterly, and give one scream. The nigger fainted, of course, and the young man jumped out of the window, and nothin haint been heard of him sense. The general opinion is that heard of him sense. The general opinion is that he coine to his even by a blunder buss.

[Major Joseph Jones. "John," said a girl to her sweetheart, "you have been paying your distresses to me long enough—it is time you were making known your contentions, so as not to keep me in expense any longer."

Laconic Epistrie.—Lord Brougham's son, who is yet a minor, and consequently dependent upon his father for support, has been noted of late for his attention to a young actress of the French Theatre. His father recently wrote the following laconic epistle:

onic epistle:

'If you don't quit her I'll stop your allowance.'
'Fo which the son replied:
'If you do not double it I'll marry her.'

The son will enjoy a seat in parliament when he becomes of ago.

A gentleman conversing with an Irishman, stated that he had ' seen a telescope with which he could see rocks in the moon.'

'Arsh, said Pat, 'and was it not my own father that had a telescope which would below a that had a telescope which would bring a hig so near, that you could see him five miles off, and faith, and you could hear him grunt, too.

Some city poet has worked out the following

Ol. Sally 'tie my chief delite,
'To gais upon your eyeses brite,
My luv for you by gosh cirpasses
The luv I feel for rum and 'lases,

WM. J. STEPHENS, Harpers-Ferry; John G. Wilson, do Join G. Wilson, do
Solonon Stalet, Shepheristown;
WM. or James livan, Elk Branch;
Join Cook, Zion Church;
WM. RONEMOUS OF ADAM LANK, Sen., Union School

House;
GROAGE E, MOORE, Old Furnace;
JOHE H, SMITHOF W. J. BURWELL, Smithfield;
EDWIN A RELLY, SOMMED POINT;
DOLPHIN DRIEW OF S. HEFLEROWER, Kabletown;
Dr. J. JANNEY, Wada's Depot;
JACOB ISLEE OF THOS. W. REYNOLDS, Berryville;
WM. A CASSLEMAN, Snicket & Ferry;
WM. THIDERLAFK OF J. O. COYLE, Brucetown, Frederick county;

rick county;
Henry F. Baken, Winchester;
Col. WM. Harmison of WM. G. Catlett, Bath,

Col. WM. HARMSON OF WM. G. CATLETT, But M organ county;
John H. Likens, Martinsburg;
Groage W. Bradynield, Snickersville;
J. P. Meurata, Philement, Londom county;
WM. A. Stepherson, Upperville, Fauguler county;
John Burkttt, Hillsborough, Londom county;
Groage Generat, Romney, Hampshire county;
Grante, Johans of W. Bran, Luray, Page county,
Col. Annuel Krysen, Hope Mills, do
Cap. Peter Paice. Springfield, do
Moroan Johnson, Nimeral, Warten county;
— Marsey, Witerfool, Londom county;
— Marsey, Witerfool, Londom county;
Col. — Tunner, From Royal, Warten county.

V. B. PALMER, whose offices are S. E. corner of Balti more and Calvert streets, Baltistore; N. W. corner Third and Chestut streets, Palliadelphana; Tribune Baildings, New York, and No. 12 State Street, Bostron, is the agent in those chies for the "Sprar of Jeffgrason." He will excive and forward promptly, Subscriptions Advertisments, &c., and is fully authorized to receive payment for the same.

BALTIMORE TRADE. A PHILLIPS & CO.,

GROLLAT BULARCAE S. W. Corner of Bultimore and Charles streets, III ve constantly on hand an extensive as-sortment of superior Ready-made Clothing. Gentlemen in want of fashionable Garments will ad at this Establishment one of the best supplies n the city, at the lowest prices for cash.

• LJ Garments made to order, in the most fash onable style, and warranted to please. ONE PRICE ONLY.

Their facilities for purchasing and manufacturng their goods are very advantageous, having one I the firm residing East, which enables them to have early and constant supplies of all Seasonable and Fasmonable Goods.

With the arrangements they have made, and their long experience in the business, they can with confidence assure the public that they are repared to sell at the lowest prices for CASIL. Baltimore, July 16, 1847—19.

STOVES, STOVES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. THE subscriber most respectfully informs the public, that he keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of Parlor and Cooking Stoves, of the most approved patterns.— He is now manufacturing and receiving a splendid assortment of Air-tight Stores, for parlors and chambers. He has recently obtained a Patent for a Ventilating Air-tight Stove, which keeps up a a Ventilating Air-tight Stove, which keeps up a constant circulation of air in the room, and when the Stove is closed up, the ventilator is opened at the same time, and the close, oppressive air passes off through the ventilator, and the same pleasant, healthy heat is produced as from a fire-place or open Stove. He is sole agent for Pierce's American Air-tight Cook Stove, the best offered in this market. There are five sizes, for coal or wood. House keepers and farmers should by all means examine this superior Cooking Stove. There is a great saving of fuel, and the oven possesses an advantage over almost any other kind of Stove dvantage over almost any other kind of Stove now in use. It is very large, and the top being ire-brick, the moisture is absorbed during baking fire-brick, the moisture is absorbed during baking, and combines the advantages both of a Brick oven and a Cook Stove. He keeps, also, Air-tight Cooking Rangers, and a superior assortment of Grates for fire-places. Also puts up Furnaces for heating dwellings, banks, churches, stores, &c. S. B. SEXTON, July 16, 1847—6m. 119 Lombard st., Ratt.

Bonnets and Palm Leaf Hats.

may call that a fandango, but if you catch me at at one again, there's no snakes where this child was raised, Master Bob."

A TRAGEDY.—A terrible fatal accident tuck place over in Old Town hast Friday night, of the most painful and distressin caracter. The victim was a young gentleman of great promis, and his melancholy late has caused a dredful sensashon which was a contract of the various styles:

Florence Braids, Split Straws, Rutland Braids, White Chie Parks.

Colong Pear Brains, John and Glass Bonnets, Colong Piait, Neapolitan Bonnets, Lace Neapoli-tan, Highland Fling, Veronas, Linen Braids, French Lace Bonnets, Lace Gimps, Straw Gimps, &c. We shall also receive, during the season, other new styles from the Manufacturers. Our assort-ment of Misses and Children's Bonnets, Hats, and Flats, icomplete.

Baltimore, July 16, 1817. JACOB FUSSELL, Jr., No. 30, Light street, Bultimore, Marylan

**Now I reckon I can, you do!."

"Now if I can, you fool."

"Well, we will put one o—put two o's—put three o's—put fore o's—put fore o's—put fore o's—put five o's—put five o's—put five o's—put six o's they hook each other's frocks and each other's they hook each other's frocks and each other's foaux.

"Lacous Persons.—Lord Brougham's son, who is a good a riche sent:

"No. 3.3, Kight street, Bultimore, Maryland, and intends keeping durations, and intends keeping

No. 2 do do 20 inch, No. 3 do do 23 " No. 4 do do 21 " No. 5 do do 25 " No. 2 "Louis" Parlor Stoves, new style,

No. 3 do do do 12 00 No. 2 Louis 14th style cast air-tight, 17 in. 6 00 No. 3 do do do 20 in. 8 00 No. 4 do do do 26 in. 12 00 Small Bituminous Coal Stoves 6-00

Large do do 10 00
Sheet from Air-tights from four to eight dollars, which give a quick and regular heat, and are most desirable Stoves for chambers.

Six-plate Air-tights from 4 to 9 dollars; Kitchen Ranges and Hot Air Furnaces at the lowest rates.

Address, JACOB FUSSELL, JR.,
July 16, 1847—1y. No. 30 Light st., Balt.

NAILS-50 kegs Nails of all sizes, just received and for sale low by July 16. WM. R. SEEVERS.

CITY TRADE

WALTER CROOK, Jr. UPHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER, 220 Baltimoge street, near Charles, Balt

KEPS constantly in atore a large and gener-al assortment of Upholstery Goods, Curtain Materials, Frenc' and American Paper Hangings. Also makes to oder Bed and Window Curtains, Cushions, Carpets, Feather Beds and Matresses. Baltimore, July 16, 1847—19*

DIX'S COLUMBIA HOUSE, South Charles Street, opposite German Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

Tills HOUSE being located in the mmediate vicinity of the Ruilroad Depot makes it a desirable Situation for Travellers. Terms per day \$1,25 cts. July 16, 1817-6m.

LEWIS A. PIETTEE, MERCHANT TAILOR, NO. J3 LIGHT STREET,

(Near Forge's & Thurston's Fountain Hotels)

CENTLEMEN'S Garments made in a superior manner. Making, Cutting and Trimming done on reasonable terms, with neatness and mtch. Baltimore, July 16, 1847-6m.

French and German Looking Glass Depot and Picture Frame Manufactory. THE most extensive assortment of GLASSES, framed and unframed, and Portrait and Picture Frames, on hand, or manufactured to order. Frames, on hand, or on the sale at lowest cash prices, by SAMSON CARISS, Carrer & Guilder, No. 138 and 140 Baltimore street.

Baltimore, June 18, 1847. THE STREET A THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PAPER OF all descriptions.
Printing and Writing Inks, Bleaching Pow-

ders, Russia Skins, &c.

IJ Cash paid for Rags.

No. 3, South Charles Street, Baltimore. June 11, 1847-1y.

NAMES M. HAIG.

No. 133 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, SIGN OF THE GOLD TASSEL, MPORTER and Manufacturer of Fringes, Tassels, Gimps, Odd Fellows' and Masonic Regalia, Flags, Banners, &c: Doaler in Buttons, Tailors' Trimmings, Cords, &c. Fancy Goods in every variety, wholesale and retail.

T All orders primptly attended to.

LAWRENCE B. BECKWITH. HAVING removed to the New Ware-house, No. 29, Commerce Street, will continue to sell on commission, Flour, Grain and other Produce. He respectfully asks the patronage of the Farmers and Millers of the Valley. Baltimore, June 11, 1817-6m.

HATS AND CAPS FOR THE PRESENT SEASON. JUST received a fine assortment of Hair Cloth
and Straw CAPS for children.
Also, in store and constantly finishing,
HATS of every variety, suitable for summer Hubbard, Peter

wear. I would call the attention of my friends and the public to a new mode of trimming adopt. ed by me, to prevent the perspiration coming thro' the Hat.

J. L. McPHALL,

Baltimore, June 18, 1847.

Baltimore, June 18, 1847.

Baltimore, June 18, 1847.

RICHARD PARKER, ATTORPET AT LAW, TAS resigned the office of Paymaster of the Lancaster, Sarah A U. S. Armory at Harpers-Ferry, and will in fature devote himself exclusively to his profes-

He will attend the several Courts of Jefferson Clarke, Frederick, Hampshire and Morgan. Charlestown, May 28, 1847—6m.

(LATE OF WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.,) HAVING permanently established himself in Charlestown, proffers his services to the public. He can be found, either day or night, at his office or at Carter's Hotel, unless profession-

Dr Operations on the teeth performed by ap-

pointment only.

June 4, 1847-6m. W. T. DAUGHERTY, . ATTORDET AT LATT, lic generally.

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia, OFFERS his professional services to the pub-He will practise in Jefferson and the neighbor og Counties. April 16, 1847. ing Counties.

SAPPINGTON'S THREE-STORY BRICK EDTEL,

THREE-STORY BRICK \$\(\text{STORY} \) BRICK

Knives, Scissors, Needles, Razors, Saws, Axes, Files, Locks, Hingos, Bolts, Screws, Guns, Curtain Bands, Tea Trays, Fire Irons, Cast Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Spades, Shovels, Seythes, Rakes, Forks, Chains, Nails, Iron, Steel, Tin, Wire, Copper, Ziac, Lead, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, &c.; Stoves, Grates, Anvils, Vices, Bellow, Harness and Saddlery Mountings; Eliptic Springs and Axles, warranted; Patent Leather, Painted Cloth, Coach Lace, Lamps, Hubs, Bows, Hubbands, Mallable Castings, and all Goods susually tept in Hardware Stores, which we offer wholesale and retail at our new Granie front Warehouse. wholesale and retail at our new Granite front Ware-houses, sign of the Gilt Plane, at the Southeast corner of Bridge and High streets. Entrance, first door from the corner in either street.

MUNCASTER & DODGE,
Georgetown, D. C., March 5, 1847.

RON and American Blister, Cast and Shear Steels, for sale by WM. R. SEEVERS. July 16.

BACON—Country and Western Hams, shoulders and Sides, for sale by
July 16. WM. R. SEEVERS.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Charlestown, Val, on the 30th June, 1847, which, if not taken out before the first day of October next will be sent to the General Post Office as REMAINING in the Post Office at Harpera-Ferry, Va., on the 30th day of June, which, if not taken out before the first day of October

Adelsberger, Thomas Allemong, Mrs Frances, Altz, Adam Little, Mrs. Mary Lewis, John G McDaniel, John Moore, Miss Jane L Myers, John Milton, Robert Sen. Connett Miss Clara S Brangher, Chas A Bawersock, Henry Byrng, William Buckner, Harriet McKinney, Geo W Morrow, Francis B S Brackenridge, Miss E C Barber, F C 2 Bales, M E McMurry, Wm Madison, John A McKeny, Mary McFarland, James Brown, Jas M Bell, James Bosworth, Miss Clara May, Thomas
McVeigh, Bird & Co
Moore, Samuel
Mathew, Mrs. Rebecca

Myers, Nathaniel McBee, Martha Ellen onlen. James Martin, John F McDaniel, Miss Marg't Carr, J S Miller, Mrs Margaret J McKinney, Wash'n 2 N O North, Wm D ollett, Benjan Drew, Dolphin Dandridge, A S Dorsey, James W Neill Mrs. Mary Nelson, Dr. Mai O'Bannon, Miss Mary I Dunbar & Simmons

Everett, Lemuel Estell, David II Pfeifer, Casper Patter, William Patter, Elizabeth Page, Debory Pennington, Richard Evon, George Evans, Robert Eversole, James Ruckle, Miss Margare Frinnel, Thomas Fitzhugh, Nicholas Fife, Mary Kate Reed, David Robinson, Sam'l Reily, Hierome Ford & Dryson,

Ructumer, Philip Ranson, Miss Eliza Furgason, Miss Ann E Gallaher, Sidney Gardner, Mrs John Satters, F G Smith, Juliet Smith, James Gibbons, Mrs Elizabet Shelby, Cyrus Stewart, Miss Mary J Grim Juliet A Snook, Simon P Smith, Ira C Gorges, Faris Gorman, John T

Graham, Miss Virgini Sullivan, Charles II Hammond, R & W G Shag, John Hite, Col. James Hineman, Sam'l Temperance, Sons of Tabb, George II Triplett, Marshall Turner, Thos W Hershberger & Co. A Harris, Wm T Trout, Joseph Tyson, Mrs Thomas & Co, G J Tyler, Mrs Mary Helm, Mrs Ann S Thompson, Me V W

Handsucker, George Vorus, Matilda Eve Hall, Dr. Wm H D Wright, CA Whitteker, AT Hart, Elmore, Haslett, Ferdinand Watkins, John, or Nan cy Trenary Wright, J G Ware, Mrs Sarah Whitteker, J & W F Waywick, Lewis Ward, Rachael B Willson, Doctor Willis, Charles

Yates, Mrs Fanny 2 Kemp, Jacob Zimmerman, Martha C Three Letters directed in Dutch. Little, Miss Sally B

E. M. AISQUITH, P. M.

July 9, 1847. SHANNONDALE SPRINGS.

J. J. ABELL, Proprietor. If AVE leased for a term of years, this delightful watering place; and will have it open for the reception of company, on the 1st of Juno.— Every exertion will be made to render the time of Visiters agreeable. His Fare, &c., shall be second to that of no other watering place in Virginia.

The Stage will run as usual (daily) to the Rail ly engaged.
Office one door from Mr. J. H. Beard's dwelling Road Depot, at Charlestown, to convey Visiters to and from the Springs.

visiting the Springs-but in all cases I wish visi-

ters to get return tickets at the Bar. May 21, 1817—3m. DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

FURNITURE DEPOT

At Harpers-Ferry. THE undersigned has the pleasure to announce to the public that he has for sale, a large as-

BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE, Such as Sofas, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, Bedsteads, Looking Glasses, &c. all of which he will sell at very reduced prices. These artihe will sell at very reduced prices. These arti-cles are manufactured in Alexandria, of the best materials, and in the best manner, with the aid of machinery, and under such favorable circumstan-ces as enables him to assure the public that they are better and handsomer, and will be sold cheap-er, than any made in this quarter of the country. Those who have been in the habit of supplying themselves from the Alexandria establishment, are particularly invited to call and see the artiare particularly invited to call and see the arti

les now offered.

Call and examine before you purchase elsewhere.

IT UNDERTAKING, and Repairing of all kinds of Furniture, attended to promptly.

JOHN R. ZIMMERMAN. Harpers-Ferry, April 30, 1847-6m. HATS.—New style Summer Hats for sale by July 2, 1847. E. M. AISQUITH.

Anderson, Samuel Brun, Robert II

LIST OF LETTERS

dead letters:

Brooks, John

Browing, John Baney, T

Bruice, Scott

Kidd, Daniel C Kemp, William Klotz, Mr. Andrews, Laiton Anderson, William Kemp, Bernard Knott, James Kemble, Robt. Keyser, Lewis Kiney, John Butts, Elizabeth Jane Baker, Marcus A Lewis, William Laley, Thomas K Locker, Jacob Bamielo, Richard Lynch, Frances 11 Bateman, Walter Linch, James

Long, Nicholas 2 Littlejohn, P O Bowen, William Bigley, William Britenbaugh, Brown Ball, Mr. McLeeson, Mr. McClure, Miss S A R Bretta, John McBride, Miss Mary Melliorn, F C Brein, Miss Ann Chrisman, Hewing Miller George McAlcer, Charles Crowl, Mrs. Elizabeth McCry, W W Maddox, Mrs. Margare McCudden, Thomas Crany, E II Copenhaver, Miss Eliza beth 2 Misner, Abraham Cooksey, Simpson Morosey, S. Nisswanner, Jacob Near, Miss Carolino Cole, James Carmac, Dr. H B.

Corbin, James Carroll, William Nichols, Edward Cutshaw, G W Nichols John Cuningham, John Openheimer, Mrs. T 2 Creamer, Robt. J. Coats, William Openheimer, M Ortman, Mrs. Harriet Derry, Henry Davis, Joseph C Orphans Friend, No. I. O. O. F., II. F. Duckett Betsey

Parkinson, Mrs FT Peacher, G W Darby, Darias Dowling, Joseph Duke, Robt. N Phil, Porter Pork, Samuel Wm Doren, Peter Porter, Robert Delawder, Calvin Pefer, Lewis Price, Lewis B Evans, John E Richardson, Miss Amai Entwesle, Samue

Earle, John B da J Ropp, John Rains, Z Eldridge, Clarke Furtna, George Flemming, Washi Ringam, Ann Ryan, Michael Florrence, James Roberts, Naman Finlace, Lawrenco Ridenour, Miss Frances Rohr, Philip Russell, Robert Fox, Andry Fossitt, A Robertson, Edward

Graham, James II Sheriff of Jeff. County, Grinder, A Galluce, Thomas Strider, Tolivar Shubridge, Margaret S Shackleford, John Stem, O H P Griggs, Thomas Gilpin, William Grear, George Straker, Daniel Shepherd, Burnett II Snook, Wm S Spangler, Washington Sanks, Rev. James Sands, Miss Elizabeth Garrett, Jackson Grimes, James E Grove, Joseph Green, Thomas W Garrett, Miss Mary Gary, David R. Grolf, Daniel Shields, George Skinner, Ann E Germ, Geo W

Starry, Dr J D Scote, Jeremiah T V Tunmone, F oepfer, Frederick Thompson, John Voris, Ashford Verder, Lemon Viand, Thomas Harper, Miss Rebecca Hook, John H Howe, Patrick Victoria, Sessetta W Y lackett, James

Waugh, J B Wiley, James Wean, John Judd, Dr. H Wyman, John Jones, James W Johnson, Stephens Joice, Charles

Wyman, John
Wigginton, Joshua F
Wright, A P
Washington, Geo W
Waters, Thomas
Walding, Juliett E
Waters, John F
Yamens, Mrs Cath. L
CWW. SON A. L Jones, Abraham JOHN G. WILSON, P. M. Harpers-Ferry, July 9, 1847.

CABINET FACTORY. Having supplied themselves with a stock of Materials, they are prepared to manufacture, and will keep constantly on hand, Bureaus, Sideboards, Sofas, Ward-

robes, Bedsteads, and every other article in the Cabinet line .- The have also supplied themselves, with a choice as-sortment of PAPER HANGINGS, and will give prompt attention to all business in that line,
Repairing of all kinds attended to.

-ALSO-Chair Making and Painting Executed with neatness, and all orders from a dis-

tance promptly attended to.

UNDER TAKING also attended to with Also-Turning of every description executed with promptness.

They respectfully invite the public to give them a call.

Charlestown, May 7, 1847—tf.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.



W. M. ABELL tenders his thanks to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and vicinity for the liberal patronage he has received since he has opened his Furniture Room. He would inform his friends, customers and the public generally, that he has removed his stock of Furniture from Mr. John G. Wilson's to the lower room of the Stone Building, three doors west of A. Holland & Co.'s store, where he intends keeping on hand an assortment of all descriptions, made in the most workman-like manner, which he is deteran assortment of all descriptions, made in the most workman-like manner, which he is determined to sell as Icw as any can be bought it is valley of Virginia. He would respectfully invite persons in want of Furniture, to call before purchasing elsewhere, as he flatters himself the style and quality cannot fail to please.

Any article sold by me, or my Agent, Mr. A. Holland, is warranted what it is represented to be when sold.

Harpers-Ferry, April 2, 1847-tf. Zollickoffer's Vermifuge.

This remedy possesses advantages over most articles of the kind—being easily taken by children—and very effectual in removing worms. A fresh supply just received.

June 18, 1847. JOHN P. BROWN. Fever and Ague. THOSE who are afflicted with the above discase, had better call and procure a bottle of that invaluable medicine, known as "Morris' Fonic," as it is a certain and saferemedy. "Only a few more left," Call at the sign of June 25. BEWARE OF IMPOSITION.

TMPOSITION having been practised upon the public by a spurious article bearing the name of "Judkins Olintment," the proprietor, C. HERSTONS, recommends the following communication:

Some years back, Nathan Shepherd, informed the public in the newspapers, that he was the original discoverer of Judkin's Ointment, and had taken out a new patent thereon in his own name, having in the first instance assigned as a reason for so doing, "that many persons would try to make it, and would not be able, and the Ointment be propagated in this adulterated state, in some degree resembling the Lenuine Ointment." As complaints have been made repeatedly of this being the case, to the subscriber, who is still legally concerned, it is due to the public that they should be cantioned on this head.

C. HERSTONS.

Here follows a few out of many instances, disclosing the fact:

closing the fact :

BALTIMORE, January 10, 1846.

BALTIMORE, January 10, 1846.

MR. C. HEBSTONS: I have been using Shephierd's P. S. Olntment in my practice for a number of years, for sores of various descriptions and have no hesitation in appending my name to its value. GIDEON B. SMITH, M. D. SHORT HILL, Londonn County, Va., ?

Short Hill, London County, Va., March, 1847. {
Mach, 1847. }
Mach, 1847. }
Mr. C. Herstons:—A daughter of mine was cured of a vary had sore leg, by Shepherd's Patent Specific Ointment. Judkins' Ointment, gotten from a neighboring store was applied first, but afforded no relief; the wound kept getting worse. I then sent to Mr. Miller's, Lovettsville, and obtained a pot of Shepherd's Patent Specific Ointment. 'This so changed the appearance of the sore that it very quickly began its healing operation; and from a dangerous and alarming sore, succeeded in making a perfect cure. So valuable a medicine is worth the patronage of the public. Dr. Brenaugh of Lovettsville, advised the use of this Ointment.

SAMUEL KALB.

SAMUEL KALB.

BALTIMORE, October 23, 1844. MR. C. HERSTONS: Last winter I received a small wound in one of my feet. I sent to a Druggist for a pot of Judkin's Ointment, but un-fortunately the article obtained was spurious. In using it my foot kept getting worse, until I be-came incapable of attending to business—was confined to bed, and had to send for a Physician. Had I not got relief I might have been ruined.— Fortunately, however, a friend called to see me and brought with him a pot of Ointment which I and brought with him a pool of the strength of the place he wound soon became in a state of amendment and it effected a perfect cure. From delicacy, I forbear to mention the name of the Druggist from whom I bought the spurious Ointment, but think the public ought to be made acquainted with the fact. The one I deem very valuable, the other ought to be discountenanced

E. C. THOMAS, Market street, west of Pine.

From William McJilton, Esq. BALTIMORE, January 10, 1846.

Mr. C. HERSTONS: Although the reputation of Shepherd's Patent Specific Ointment has been so long sustained by the public, I feel it a duty to add again my approbation to its well earned merit—it ought not to be lost.

A grand-daughter of mine was bitten by a spider or other insect, which caused much inflamma-

tion and became a dangerous sore. Many sulves were tried without relief. Finally, her mother applied to a physician, yet for three months it kept getting worse, until it extended from the knee to be ankle. At length I advised your Ointment —in two days a change took place, and in two weeks from that time a cure was completed. I have used the Ointment you make upwards of twenty years, and never knew it fail. It is be-yond a doubt worthy of countenance by the pub-lic. WM. McJILTON. For chilblain or frostbite it is a valuable remedy

IT For sale, by J. P. BROWN, Ag't, Feb. 26, 1847—6m. Charlestown

Saddle and Harness Manufactory. THE undersigned, thankful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made arrangements to be supplied with the best of Baltimore Leather, for the manufacture of all articles in his line. He will make to order and keep constantly on hand, Saddles of all kinds; Trunks large and small, of the most approved natterns: Waron and Carriage.

arrangements to work none but the best of Leath-er in the manufacture of the above named articles, he invites all in want of articles in his line, to call

and see for themselves. Collars can be furnished to Sadlers or others at wholesale prices. holesale prices.

TRepairing done at short notices.

JOHN BROOK. [Free Press Copy 3t. Jan. 29, 1847.

Valuable Jefferson Land for Sale.

THE subscriber being desirous of removing to the South, offers for sale his Valuable Landed Estate situated three miles North West of Charlestown, (the seat of Justice for Jefferson county, Va.,) within half a mile of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, and the Smithfield and Harpers Ferry Turnpike, and also within four Miles of Kerney's

Depot, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Containing 600 Acres. The Impromements consist of a commodiou

DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms. The Out-buildings consist of a Smoke-house, Negro Houses, Stabling, &c. There is a great variety of

besides every variety of Ornamental Trees growing in the yard.

The Dwelling commands a beautiful view of a the Blue Ridge and North Mountains, and is very healthy, but few cases of sickness having ever occurred, arising from its local situation. The land is of the best limestone. From its location,—being convenient to all the improvements, so that all the produce raised upon the farm can be easily conveyed to market at little expense,—this estate is one of the most desirable in the county.

This land can be divided into two farms, giving both wood and water to each.

HAVE several fine TRACTS OF LAND in this county and in Berkeley, for sale at low prices and on most accommodating payments.

H. ST. G. TUCKER.

Hazelfield, Jefferson county, Va., Sept. 25, 1846—tf. [F. P. copy.]

THE Ladies will find at my store many arti-cles of dress—such as Bareges, Tawns, Silks, French Collars, &c., selling at half cost. July 2, 1847. E. M. AISQUITH.

Spring and Summer Medicine.

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA,— THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY ME-DICINE IN THE WORLD.

At 9

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This extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without tomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED

TT HAS PERFORMED

NORE THAN 15,000 CURES THIS YEAR,
1,000 CURES of Rheumatism,
1,000 Cures of Rheumatism,
1,000 Cures of Oyspepsia,
2,500 Cures of General Debility, and want of
Nervous Energy.
3,000 Female Complaints, and over
7,000 Cures of diseases
Of the Blood, viz:—Ulcers, Scrofula, Piles, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the face, &c.,
together with numerous cases of Consumption,
Liver Complaint, Spinal Affections, &c. This
we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have
letters from physicians and our Agents from all
parts of the United States, informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van Buskirk, Esq. one of the
most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more that
one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone.—
There are thousands of cases in the city of New
York, which we will refer to with pleasure, and
to men of character well known.

to men of character well known. UNITED STATES OFFICER.

UNITED STATES OFFICER.

Captain G. W. McLean, member of the New Jersey Legislature, late of the United States Navy has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story: Raheay, Jan. 25, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and after taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and find that I improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLean.

sideration. THE EDITOR.—John Jackson, Esq. Editor of the Rahway Republican, published the above cer-tificate, and remarks in an editorial as follows: The success of Dr. Townsend's preparation of Sarsaparilla appears to be of the most extraordinary character. We publish to day two certificates in its behalf one from Capt. McLean, of this town, and one from Rev. Mr. White, of Staten Island, a gentleman well known in Rahway.— Capt. McLean believes the medicine to have saved his life, and Mr. White seems to entertain an equally strong confidence in its efficacy. Intelligent men like these would not praise so strongly what they did not fully believe to deserve it.

SCHOPULA CURED .- This certificate was hand-SCROPULA CURED.—This certificate was handed into Dr. Townsend's office this week, and conclusively proves that his Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is

anprecedented.
THREE CHILDREN.—Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afnise of your excellent medicine. They were at-flicted very severely with bad sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation. Yours respectfully, ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 Wooster st. New York, March 1, 1847.

RHEUMATISM AND THE PILES .- Dr. Townsend Dear Sir: My wife has been for several years afflicted with rheumatism. She has tried many different remedies to obtain some relief, but all to no purpose. She was finally induced, by seeing your advertisement, to give your Sarsaparilla a trial. We procured some of it from your agent, (Mr. Van Buskirk) and it gives me pleasure to (Mr. Van Buskirk) and it gives me picasure to state that after using it she experienced great relief, and was in a very short time perfectly cured, I was also (together with another man in my employ) badly troubled with piles, and by using a small quantity of your Sarsaparilla, our complaint was completely cured. I consider it one of the best of medicines, and would advise all who are afflicted to give its trial. afflicted to give it a trial.

123 Market street, Newark. GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE .- Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for in-cipient consumption, barrenness, loucorahea, or whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, incon-TERMS.

Sp first week

8 thereafter.
1,50 per day

The Perry will be free of charge to persons visiting the Springs—but in all cases I wish visiters to get return tickets at the Bar.

The Post Office, a case of the springs—but the Bar.

Itarpers-Ferry, July 9, 1847.

MEW OABINET MANUFACTORY.

Saddles of all kinds; Trunks large and small, of the most approved patterns; Wagon and Carriage whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, inconting the most approved patterns; Wagon and Carriage colorance of unine or involuntary discharge thereof, and Japanned Mountings, Carpet Bags, Valices, Raw hide waggon whips, Riding Bridges, Enjoyed whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, inconting the most approved patterns; Wagon and Carriage whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, inconting the most approved patterns; whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, inconting the most approved patterns; wagon and Carriage whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, inconting the most approved patterns; wagon and Carriage whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, inconting the most approved patterns; wagon and Carriage and Japanned Mountings, Carpet Bags, Valices, Raw hide waggon whips, Riding Bridges, Enjoyen the result of inherent causes, or produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

The Perry will be free of charge to persons in Charlestown, on the corner west of the Bank and opposite the Post Office, a large ments is to work none but the best of Leath and supposite the Post Office, a large ments in Charlestown, on the corner west of the Bank and opposite the Post Office, a large ments is to work none but the best of Leath and supposite the Post Office, a large ment is to work none but the best of Leath and supposite the Post Office, a large ment is the supposite the Post Office, a large ment is the past Office and small, of the most approved patterns; wagon and Carriage and small, of the most approved patterns; wagon and Carriage and small, of the most approved patterns; wagon and small, of the most appr Nothing can be more surprising than its invigo-rating effects upon the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influ-ence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause

> It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures per-formed, but we can assure the afflicted that huncate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases, where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring.
>
> Dr. Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such cases as I have described. I obtained a bottle of Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short time it removed her complaints and restored her to health. Being grateful for the benefits she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.
>
> M. D. Moore:
>
> corner of Grand and Lydius sts.

corner of Grand and Lydius sts.

Albany, August 17, 1844.

Negro Houses, Stabling, &c.

There is a great variety of growing and yielding upon the Estate besides every variety of Ornamental Trees growing in the yard.

The Dwelling commands a beautiful view of the Blue Ridge and North Mountains, and is very healthy, but few cases of sickness having ever octurred, a rising from its local situation. The land is of the best limestone. From its location,—being convenient to all the improvements, so that all the produce raised upon the farm can be easily conveyed to market at little expense,—this estate is one of the most desirable in the county.

This land can be divided into two farms, giving both wood and water to each.

The subscriber respectfully invites a call from those desirous of purchasing land, as he is prepared to accept a price that would make the purchase a valuable investment, even as a speculation, to any disposed to engage in such an enterprise. To a gentleman of fortune, who desires a country residence, an opportunity is now offered rarely to be met with.

LAND FOR SALE.

I HAVE several fine TRACTS OF LAND in this county and in Berkeley, for sale at low prices and on most accommodating payments.

H. ST. G. TUCKER.

Hastled Jashrace and rate of the system. It effects the most assonishing results. The patient frequently feels relieved in ten minutes. The patient frequentl

May 7, 1847-eow 1y.

PAINTS, Oil, Varnish, Glass and Putty—another supply just received. Also White Lead in Kegs, extra and pure.
June 9. THOS, RAW MNS. SALT-Coarse and fine, by the sack or bushel.

July 16. WM. R. SEEVERS.

streer a vii rem one a Vii rem one AN M mer atta the to the pair A by three fore \$3,1 at.,

GARRIT GARRABRANT.

Con the general section of the secti